

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910813384903321
Autore	Linklater Andrew
Titolo	The problem of harm in world politics : theoretical investigations // Andrew Linklater [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge : , : Cambridge University Press, , 2011
ISBN	1-107-22100-5 1-139-03622-X 1-283-05458-2 9786613054586 0-511-79034-1 1-139-04168-1 1-139-04245-9 1-139-04508-3 1-139-03854-0 1-139-04091-X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xiii, 306 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Classificazione	POL011000
Disciplina	172/.4
Soggetti	International relations - Moral and ethical aspects Harm reduction - Political aspects
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	The concept of harm -- The harm principle and global ethics -- Harm and international relations theory -- The sociology of civilizing processes -- Historical sociology and world politics: structures, norms and emotions -- Civilizing processes and international systems.
Sommario/riassunto	The need to control violent and non-violent harm has been central to human existence since societies first emerged. This book analyses the problem of harm in world politics which stems from the fact that societies require the power to harm in order to defend themselves from internal and external threats, but must also control the capacity to harm so that people cannot kill, injure, humiliate or exploit others as they please. Andrew Linklater analyses writings in moral and legal philosophy that define and classify forms of harm, and discusses the

ways in which different theories of international relations suggest the power to harm can be controlled so that societies can co-exist with the minimum of violent and non-violent harm. Linklater argues for new connections between the English School study of international society and Norbert Elias' analysis of civilizing processes in order to advance the study of harm in world politics.

---