Record Nr. UNINA9910812251303321 Autore Fujita Masahisa Titolo The spatial economy: cities, regions and international trade // M. Fujita, P. Krugman, A.J. Venables Cambridge, MA, : MIT Press, 1999 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 9786612099991 0-262-56147-6 1-282-09999-X 0-262-27332-2 0-585-07017-2 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (382 p.) Altri autori (Persone) KrugmanPaul R VenablesAnthony Disciplina 330.9 Soggetti Economic geography International trade Regional economics Space in economics Urban economics Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Originally published: 1999. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Intro -- Contents -- Preface -- 1 - Introduction -- I - Some Intellectual Background -- 2 - Antecedents I: Urban Economics -- 3 - Antecedents II: Regional Science -- II - Labor Mobility and Regional Development --4 - The Dixit-Stiglitz Model of Monopolistic Competition and Its Spatial Implications -- 5 - Core and Periphery -- 6 - Many Regions and Continuous Space -- 7 - Agricultural Transport Costs -- III - The Urban System -- 8 - Spatial Models of Urban Systems: A Heuristic Introduction -- 9 - The Monocentric Economy -- 10 - The Emergence of New Cities -- 11 - Evolution of a Hierarchical Urban System -- 12 -An Empirical Digression: The Sizes of Cities -- 13 - Ports, Transportation Hubs, and City Location -- IV - International Trade --

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The authors show how a common approach that emphasizes the threeway interaction among increasing returns, transportation costs, and the movement of productive factors can be applied to a wide range of issues in urban, regional, and international economics. Since 1990 there has been a renaissance of theoretical and empirical work on the spatial aspects of the economy--that is, where economic activity occurs and why. Using new tools--in particular, modeling techniques developed to analyze industrial organization, international trade, and economic growth--this "new economic geography" has emerged as one of the most exciting areas of contemporary economics. The authors show how seemingly disparate models reflect a few basic themes, and in so doing they develop a common "grammar" for discussing a variety of issues. They show how a common approach that emphasizes the three-way interaction among increasing returns, transportation costs, and the movement of productive factors can be applied to a wide range of issues in urban, regional, and international economics. This book is the first to provide a sound and unified explanation of the existence of large economic agglomerations at various spatial scales.