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Titolo	Regional Economic Outlook, October 2014, Middle East and Central Asia
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2014
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Collana	Regional Economic Outlook
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Soggetti	Economic forecasting - Asia, Central Economic forecasting - Middle East Investments: Energy Exports and Imports Inflation Macroeconomics Public Finance Foreign Exchange Industries: Energy Energy: General Energy: Demand and Supply Prices Fiscal Policy Macroeconomics: Production National Government Expenditures and Related Policies: Infrastructures Other Public Investment and Capital Stock Price Level Deflation Investment & securities International economics Public finance & taxation Currency Foreign exchange Petroleum, oil & gas industries Oil Oil prices Fiscal stance Oil production Commodities

Fiscal policy
Public investment and public-private partnerships (PPP)
Expenditure
Production
Petroleum industry and trade
Exports
Public-private sector cooperation
Balance of payments
Asia, Central Economic conditions 21st century
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Nota di contenuto	<p>Cover; Contents; Acknowledgments; Assumptions and Conventions; Country Groupings; World Economic Outlook; MIDDLE EAST, NORTH AFRICA, AFGHANISTAN, AND PAKISTAN; MENAP Region Highlights; (Omitted); Region MOANAP: Principaux Points; 1. MENAP Oil Exporters: Increasing Diversification, Reducing Reliance on Oil-Funded Spending; Rising 2015 Growth Depends on Improving Security; Figures; 1.1 Growth to Rise on Delayed Non-GCC Recovery; 1.2 Faster Growth Has Not Prompted Higher Inflation; 1.3 MENAP Oil Exporters: Real Effective Exchange Rates; Boxes; 1.1 Economic Implications of the Iraq Conflict Oil Price Risks Remain Balanced, but Geopolitical Risks Have Risen 1.2 Capital Flows to GCC Countries; Falling Oil Revenues and Rising Government Spending Are Weakening Fiscal Positions; 1.4 Oil Price Uncertainties Increase Vulnerabilities; 1.5 Wages and Capital Raise GCC Government Spending; 1.6 Fiscal Positions Are Weakening; 1.7 High Oil Prices Will Not Save Fiscal Positions; 1.8 Nonhydrocarbon Deficits Are Too High for Intergenerational Equity in Most Countries; 1.9 Oil and Gas Consumption Are Growing; 1.10 Current Account Balances Are Falling</p> <p>Growth from Diversification, Not Rising Oil Prices 1.11 GDP Growth Relies on Rising Oil Prices; 1.12 Signs That Labor Market Reforms Are Bearing Fruit?; 1.13 Public Sector Wage Bills Are High; 2. MENAP Oil Importers: Slow Recovery and Modest Prospects Call for Reform; Fragile Confidence Constrains Recovery; 2.1 Consumption and Investment Drive Contributions to Real GDP Growth; 2.1 Better Protection for the Poor in MENA; 2.2 Exports of Goods and Foreign Direct Investment; 2.3 Risk Premiums Are Declining; 2.4 Real Exchange Rate in MENAP Oil Importers</p> <p>2.5 Growth Insufficient to Improve Living Standards 2.2 Impact of Fiscal Measures on Jobs in MENAP Oil-Importing Economies; Downside Risks Are Elevated; Gradually Declining External and Fiscal Vulnerabilities; 2.6 Inflation Pressures Persist; 2.7 Fiscal Deficit and Reserves; 2.8 Change in Revenue and Expenditure; Tables; 2.1 Spending on Energy Subsidies; 2.3 Shifting Patterns in Official External Financing in MENAP Oil Importers; 2.9 Fiscal Financing Needs; 2.10 External Financing Needs; Fiscal, Monetary, and Exchange Rate Policies: Going Beyond</p>

Macroeconomic Stability

Lackluster Medium-Term Prospects Structural Transformation to Boost Growth; 2.11 Raising Medium-Term Growth and Job Prospects Requires Structural Reforms; International Support; CAUCASUS AND CENTRAL ASIA; CCA Region Highlights; ;

3. Caucasus and Central Asia: Increased Risks Highlight Need for Reform; Russia's Slowdown Is Weighing on CCA Economic Activity; 3.1 Real GDP Growth; 3.2 CCA: Real GDP Growth; Risks Are Largely to the Downside; 3.3 Growth Revisions versus Policy Buffers; 3.4 Linkages with Russia; 3.1 Growth Shocks in Russia: Implications for the CCA Inflation Pressures Call for Effective Monetary Policy Frameworks

Sommario/riassunto

This issue discusses economic developments in the Middle East, North Africa, Afghanistan, and Pakistan (MENAP), which continue to reflect the diversity of conditions prevailing across the region. Most high-income oil exporters, primarily in the GCC, continue to record steady growth and solid economic and financial fundamentals, albeit with medium-term challenges that need to be addressed. In contrast, other countries—Iraq, Libya, and Syria—are mired in conflicts with not only humanitarian but also economic consequences. And yet other countries, mostly oil importers, are making continued but uneven progress in advancing their economic agendas, often in tandem with political transitions and amidst difficult social conditions. In most of these countries, without extensive economic and structural reforms, economic prospects for the medium term remain insufficient to reduce high unemployment and improve living standards.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910823585703321
Titolo	Bioenergy from dendromass for the sustainable development of rural areas // edited by David Butler Manning [and four others]
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ISBN	3-527-68299-6 3-527-68297-X 3-527-68298-8
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (571 p.)
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Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters and index.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; Title Page; Copyright; Contents; List of Contributors; Preface; Part I Introduction; Chapter 1 Bioenergy from Dendromass for the Sustainable Development of Rural Areas: Research Findings from the AgroForNet and BEST Projects of the German 'Sustainable Land Management' Funding Programme; 1.1 The 'Sustainable Land Management' Funding Programme; 1.1.1 Land Management; 1.1.2 Transdisciplinarity; 1.1.3 Regional Aspect; 1.2 Module B: 'Innovative System Solutions for Sustainable Land Management'; 1.3 Dendromass Production and Rural Development in the Context of Sustainable Land Management 1.4 Added Value of this Joint Book PublicationReferences; Chapter 2 Linking the Producers and Consumers of Woodfuel to Contribute to the Sustainable Development of Rural Areas: An Introduction to AgroForNet; 2.1 Background and Motivation; 2.2 Aims and Structure of the Project; 2.3 Research Results Contributed to this Book; References; Chapter 3 Strengthening Bioenergy Regions: An Introduction to BEST; 3.1 Background and Motivation; 3.2 Aims and Structure of the Project; 3.3 Research Results Contributed to this Book; References Part II Environmental Constraints, Landscape Functions and Ecosystem ServicesChapter 4 The Bioenergy Allocation and Scenario Tool (BEAST)

to Assess Options for the Siting of Short Rotation Coppice in Agricultural Landscapes: Tool Development and Case Study Results from the Gottingen District*; 4.1 Introduction; 4.2 Study Area and Methods; 4.2.1 Study Area; 4.2.2 Field Geometries, Administrative Units and Ecological Units as Spatial Reference; 4.2.3 The BEAST Assessment Approach; 4.2.4 Spatial Selection and Multi-Criteria Evaluation Procedure; 4.2.4.1 Step 1: Setting the Objectives; 4.2.4.2 Step 2: Defining Restricted and Preference Areas; 4.2.4.3 Step 3: Scaling the Evaluation Criteria; 4.2.4.4 Step 4: Weighting the Evaluation Criteria and Executing the MCE Calculation; 4.2.5 Production Criteria; 4.2.5.1 Crop Yield Modelling; 4.2.5.2 Short Rotation Coppice Yield Modelling; 4.2.5.3 Application in the Gottingen District; 4.2.5.4 Production Criteria Setting for the Case Study; 4.2.6 Economic Criteria; 4.2.6.1 Cost Calculation; 4.2.6.2 Price Calculation; 4.2.6.3 Economic Criteria Setting for the Case Study; 4.3 Results; 4.3.1 Identification of Economically Competitive Short Rotation Coppice Sites; 4.3.2 Shift in Yield Levels Due to Site Selection; 4.3.3 Erosion Protection as Ecological Synergy; 4.4 Discussion and Conclusions; References; Chapter 5 The Influence of More Widespread Cultivation of Short Rotation Coppice on the Water Balance: From the Site to the Regional Scale*; 5.1 Introduction; 5.2 Evidence from Field Measurements and Results of the Plot-Level Modelling; 5.2.1 Research Plots and Model Concept; 5.2.2 Results at Plot Level; 5.3 Regional-Scale Modelling; 5.3.1 SWAT Model; 5.3.2 Incorporation of Short Rotation Coppice in SWAT

Sommario/riassunto

Based on the results of two bioenergy research initiatives in Germany, this reference examines the sustainable management of wood biomass in rural areas. The large number of participating organizations and research institutes ensures a balanced and unbiased view on the potentials and risks is presented, taking into account economic, ecological, and social aspects. Most of the results reported are available here for the first time in English and have been collated in central Europe, but are equally applicable to other temperate regions. They highlight best practices for enhancing dendromass po

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910812143203321
Autore	Bryan Dominic
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ISBN	1-5261-3831-X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (vii, 238 pages) : illustrations, maps; digital file(s)
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Soggetti	Public spaces - Northern Ireland - Belfast History Modern History To 20th Century: C 1700 To C 1900 HISTORY / Europe / Great Britain / Georgian Era (1714-1837) HISTORY / Europe / Great Britain History Northern Ireland Belfast Belfast (Northern Ireland) Civilization History
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Nota di contenuto	Introduction
Chapter 1 The origins of public space
Chapter 2 Lord Donegall's town
Chapter 3 The making of a municipal culture
Chapter 4 Freedom and order
Chapter 5 Public space and civil conflict
Chapter 6 Public space and the Protestant state
Chapter 7 New directions? The 1960s
Chapter 8 Violence and carnival: renegotiating public space 1970-2008
Chapter 9 Shared space or divided future?
Conclusion Public space -- past lessons and future strategies
Index
Sommario/riassunto	Civic identity and public space, focussing on Belfast, and bringing together the work of a historian and two social scientists, offers a new perspective on the sometimes lethal conflicts over parades, flags and other issues that continue to disrupt political life in Northern Ireland. It examines the emergence during the nineteenth century of the concept

of public space and the development of new strategies for its regulation, the establishment, the new conditions created by the emergence in 1920 of a Northern Ireland state, of a near monopoly of public space enjoyed by Protestants and unionists, and the break down of that monopoly in more recent decades. Today policy makers and politicians struggle to devise a strategy for the management of public space in a divided city, while endeavouring to promote a new sense of civic identity that will transcend long-standing sectarian and political divisions.
