Record Nr. UNINA9910811059103321 Autore Aleksic Tatjana Titolo The sacrificed body: Balkan community building and the fear of freedom / / Tatjana AleksiAleksic Pubbl/distr/stampa Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania: .: University of Pittsburgh Press. . 2013 ©2013 **ISBN** 0-8229-7913-6 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (282 p.) Collana Pitt Series in Russian and East European Studies Classificazione LIT004110HIS010010 Disciplina 949.605 Soggetti Group identity - Balkan Peninsula Communities - Balkan Peninsula Communalism - Balkan Peninsula Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto ""Cover""; ""Contents""; ""Acknowledgments""; ""Introduction: The Legendary Roots of Community Construction"; ""Chapter 1: Community, Power, and the Body""; ""Chapter 2: A Failed Dream of a Balkan Community""; ""Chapter 3: The Greek National Identity as the Fathera€?s Testament""; ""Chapter 4: The Yugoslav Cadavre Exquis: The Return of the Repressive""; ""Chapter 5: Demystifying the Sacrificial Imperative of History""; ""Conclusion: Community, Communalism, Communism""; ""Notes""; ""Selected Bibliography""; ""Index""; ""Back Cover"" Sommario/riassunto "Tatjana Aleksic examines the widespread use of the sacrificial metaphor in cultural texts and its importance to sustaining communal ideologies in the Balkan region. Aleksic further relates the theme to the sanctioning of ethnic cleansing, rape, and murder in the name of homogeneity and collective identity. She employs cultural theory, sociological analysis, and human rights studies to expose a historical narrative that is predominant regionally, if not globally"--"Living in one of the world's most volatile regions, the people of the Balkans have witnessed unrelenting political, economic, and social upheaval. In response, many have looked to building communities,

both psychologically and materially, as a means of survival in the wake

of crumbling governments and states. The foundational structures of these communities often center on the concept of individual sacrifice for the good of the whole. Many communities, however, are hijacked by restrictive ideologies, turning them into a model of intolerance and exclusion. In The Sacrificed Body, Tatjana Aleksic examines the widespread use of the sacrificial metaphor in cultural texts and its importance to sustaining communal ideologies in the Balkan region. Aleksic further relates the theme to the sanctioning of ethnic cleansing, rape, and murder in the name of homogeneity and collective identity. Aleksic begins her study with the theme of the immurement of a live female body in the foundation of an important architectural structure, a trope she finds in texts from all over the Balkans. The male builders performing the sacrificial act have been called by a higher power who will ensure the durability of the structure and hence the patriarchal community as a whole. In numerous examples ranging from literature to film and performance art, Aleksic views the theme of sacrifice and its relation to exclusion based on gender, race, class, sexuality, religion, or politics for the sake of community building. According to Aleksic, the sacrifice narrative becomes most prevalent during times of crisis brought on by wars, weak governments, foreign threats, or even alobalizing tendencies. Because crisis justifies the very existence of restrictive communities, communalist ideology thrives on its perpetuation. They exist in a symbiotic relationship. Aleksic also acknowledges the emancipatory potential of a genuine community, after it has shaken off its ideological character. Aleksic employs cultural theory, sociological analysis, and human rights studies to expose a historical narrative that is predominant regionally, if not globally. As she determines, in an era of both Western and non-Western neoliberalism, elitist hegemony will continue to both threaten and bolster communities along with their segregationist tactics. "--