1.
Record Nr.	UNINA9910810830603321
Autore	Brunner Thomas
Titolo	Simplicity and typological effects in the emergence of new Englishes the noun phrase in Singaporean and Kenyan English / / Thomas Brunner
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, [Germany] ; ; Boston, [Massachusetts] : , : De Gruyter, , 2017 ©2017
ISBN	3-11-051954-2
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (362 pages) : illustrations, tables
Collana	Topics in English Linguistics, , 1434-3452 ; ; Volume 97
Disciplina	415.01
Soggetti	Typology (Linguistics)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Acknowledgements -- Contents -- List of Figures -- List of Tables -- List of Abbreviations -- 1. Introduction -- 2. New Varieties of English -- 3. Modelling language change in New Englishes -- 4. Kenyan and Singaporean English -- 5. The English NP — structure and variation -- 6. Methodology, corpus handling and statistics -- 7. Studying NP modification in Singaporean English and Kenyan English -- 8. Conclusion -- Bibliography -- Appendix A -- Appendix B
Sommario/riassunto	The book is based on a detailed corpus-based investigation of the structure of noun phrases (NPs) in Singaporean English and Kenyan English with the aim of detecting, on the one hand, typological effects from substrate languages and, on the other hand, simplification patterns known to play a role in such varieties.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910483907503321
Autore	Senthan Selvarajah
Titolo	Human Rights Journalism and its Nexus to Responsibility to Protect : How and Why the International Press Failed in Sri Lanka's Humanitarian Crisis / / by Senthan Selvarajah
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Palgrave Macmillan, , 2020
ISBN	9783030490720
	3030490726
Edizione	[1st ed. 2020.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XXIV, 304 p. 4 illus.)
Disciplina	070.449323
Soggetti	Journalism
	Human rights
	Communication
	Human Rights
	Media and Communication
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes index.
Nota di contenuto	1. Introduction: Understanding Human Rights Journalism and Its Nexus to Responsibility to Protect -- 2. The Failings of Conventional War Journalism -- 3. Human Rights Journalism: Tracing Its Epistemological Foundation -- 4. Exploring the links between Responsibility to Protect (R2P) and Human Rights Journalism (HRJ) -- 5. Analysing feature detection of media representations via Framing Matrix and Multimodal Discourse Analysis Matrix -- 6. Accessibility Effect of the Agenda Setting of the Humanitarian Crisis of Sri Lanka -- 7. Applicability Effect of the Agenda Setting of the Humanitarian Crisis of Sri Lanka -- 8. Exploring the Impact of the Applicability Effect of the Humanitarian Crisis in Sri Lanka in the International Press -- 9. Journalists Speak Up on Their Reporting of the Crisis in Sri Lanka -- 10. Conclusion: Theory and Practice of Human Rights Journalism.
Sommario/riassunto	This book takes a holistic approach by capturing the various perspectives and viewpoints concerning the theory and practice of Human Rights Journalism. Firstly, this book helps fill the

epistemological vacuum present in Human Rights Journalism by proposing 'pragmatic objectivity' within the critical constructivist epistemology. Secondly, it defines the Human Rights Journalism-Responsibility to Protect nexus by identifying five key elements. Thirdly, it proposes an Human Rights Journalism-Responsibility to Protect conceptual model, which illustrates how an embedded human rights focussed media strategy can be designed. Fourthly, this book proposes two novel quantitative analysis tools called the 'Framing Matrix' and the 'Multimodal Discourse Analysis Matrix' that are equipped to deal with a big sample size over a long period of time. These tools are used to examine the practice of Human Rights Journalism and the typology of news stories of distant sufferings. Finally, it provides a scientific explanation for those in search of the answer to why one of the worst humanitarian crises in the world, which took place in Sri Lanka in 2009, did not create any global compassion or garner attention.