Record Nr. UNINA9910809964803321 Autore Pugh David <1952-> Titolo Dialectic of love: platonism in Schiller's aesthetics / / David Pugh Montreal;; Buffalo,: McGill-Queen's University Press, 1997 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-282-85652-9 9786612856525 0-7735-6414-4 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xviii, 432 pages) McGill-Queen's studies in the history of ideas ; ; 22 Collana Disciplina 831/.6 Soggetti **Platonists** Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali A revision of the author's thesis (doctoral)--University of Toronto. 1986. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. [415]-425) and index. Nota di contenuto Front Matter -- Contents -- Preface -- Acknowledgments -- Note on Translations -- Abbreviations -- Introduction -- Mythological Transformations -- Logic and Metaphysics -- Schiller, Kant, and Plato -- Ideals and Illusions -- The Departure of Venus: "Die Goiter Griechenlandes" -- New Solutions: "Die Kiinstler" -- Beauty and Goodness: ÜberAnmut und Würde -- The Rational and the Aesthetic State: Über die ästhetische Erziehung des Menschen -- Poetry and the Ideal: Über Naive und Sentimentalische Dichtung -- Conclusion --Bibliography -- Index Sommario/riassunto Dialectic of Love analyses the arguments of Schiller's major writings on aesthetics and argues that his philosophical thought, theories, and concepts are characteristic of the Platonic tradition. Schiller's conception of beauty is seen as synthesis, the sublime as separation. Pugh connects these concepts to Aristotle's critique of Plato's theory of ideas, in which Aristotle points out an aporia of chorismos (separation) and methexis (participation). In Schiller's thought, Pugh argues, beauty and the sublime operate primarily as metaphysical relations of methexis and chorismos and only secondarily as aesthetic concepts. While Schiller, Pugh reveals, is not very well suited for the role of champion of the Enlightenment, he remains a crucial figure in the

transmission of the Platonic tradition to modern idealism and in the

application of the Platonic metaphysical heritage to nineteenth-century aesthetics.