Record Nr. UNINA9910809721003321 Autore Vikander Edelman Diana **Titolo** The Origins of the Second Temple [[electronic resource]]: Persion Imperial Policy and the Rebuilding of Jerusalem Hoboken,: Taylor and Francis, 2014 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-315-71133-8 1-317-49163-7 1-281-74497-2 9786611744977 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (457 p.) Disciplina 221.9/5 221.95 Soggetti Artaxerxes I, King of Persia, -425 B.C. or 424 B.C. -- Relations with Bible. Ezra, I-VI -- History of Biblical events Bible. Haggai -- Chronology Bible. Nehemiah -- Chronology Bible. Zechariah -- Chronology Jerusalem -- History -- To 1500 Temple of Jerusalem (Jerusalem) -- History Yehud (Persian province) Middle East Regions & Countries - Asia & the Middle East History & Archaeology Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di contenuto Cover; Half Title; Series Page; Title Page; Copyright Page; Dedication; Table of Contents; Preface; List of Illustrations and Maps; Introduction; The Topic of Inquiry: A Brief Survey of Past Hypotheses; An Outline of Chapters; Chapter 1 When Generations Really Count: Dating Zerubbabel and Nehemiah Using Genealogical Information in the Book of Nehemiah: Introduction: Generation 1: Iddo: Kadmiel: Yeshua ben

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Sommario/riassunto

Darius I, King of Persia, claims to have accomplished many deeds in the early years of his reign, but was one of them the rebuilding of the temple in Jerusalem? The editor who added the date to the books of Haggai and Zechariah thought so, and the author of Ezra 1-6 then relied on his dates when writing his account of the rebuilding process. The genealogical information contained in the book of Nehemiah, however, suggests otherwise; it indicates that Zerubbabel and Nehemiah were either contemporaries, or a generation apart in age, not some 65 years apart. Thus, either Zerubabbel and the temple