Record Nr. UNINA9910809281503321 Autore Crowe Christopher (Christopher W.) Titolo Testing the transparency benefits of inflation targeting: evidence from private sector forecasts / / prepared by Christopher Crowe Washington, D.C., : International Monetary Fund, Research Dept., 2006 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-4623-7804-8 1-4527-5013-0 1-282-39173-9 9786613820167 1-4519-1002-9 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (31 p.) IMF working paper; ; WP/06/289 Collana Anti-inflationary policies - Econometric models Soggetti Inflation (Finance) - Forecasting - Econometric models Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia "December 2006." Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 26-29). ""Contents""; ""I. Introduction""; ""II. Theoretical Framework""; ""III. Nota di contenuto Empirical Strategy and Results""; ""IV. Conclusions""; ""Appendix I. Comparative Statics in The Model of Morris and Shin (2002)""; ""Appendix II. Matching Algorithms""; ""REFERENCES"" I test whether inflation targeting (IT) enhances transparency using Sommario/riassunto inflation forecast data for 11 IT adoption countries. IT adoption promotes convergence in forecast errors, suggesting that it enhances transparency. This effect is robust to dropping observations, is strengthened by using instrumental variable estimation to eliminate mean-reversion, and is absent in placebo regressions (where IT adoption is shifted by a year). This result supports Morris and Shin's (2002) contention that better public information is most beneficial for forecasters with bad private information. However, it does not support their hypothesis that better public information could make private

forecasts less accurate.