Record Nr. UNINA9910809130703321 Autore Levtow Nathaniel B Titolo Images of Others: Iconic Politics in Ancient Israel // Nathaniel B. Levtow Pubbl/distr/stampa Winona Lake (Ind.):,: Eisenbrauns,, 2008 ©2008 **ISBN** 1-57506-591-6 Descrizione fisica xii, 211 p Collana Biblical and Judaic studies ; ; vol. 11 Disciplina 202/.18 image - religion israelite - religion mesopotamienne Soggetti Dieu - image - polemique - "Bible. AT" Dieu - image - polemique - "Bible. AT." Iraq Religion Iraq Civilization To 634 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 173-193) and indexes. Nota di contenuto Introduction. Interpretive traditions: idolatry, dualism, monotheism, aniconism: Redescribing Israelite parodies of iconic cult -- Rites and writing in ancient Israel. Ritual and power; Classification; Social formation -- Israelite icon parodies. An innovative genre of the exilic age; Jeremiah 10:1-16 -- The icon parodies of Second Isaiah; Psalms 115 and 135; Literary history, social history, and interpretive power; Classification and social formation; Mesopotamian iconic ritual. The Mesopotamian cult image: ancient evidence and modern interpretations; The induction of the cult image in Mesopotamia: the mis pi ritual; Iconic aspects of Mesopotamian warfare and historiography: The enthronement of the supreme deity: Mesopotamian iconic politics and Israelite icon parodies -- Iconic politics in ancient Israel. Iconic traditions in the Hebrew Bible: The Ark Narrative; Deuteronomistic iconic political discourse; Ezekiel and the departure of Yahweh; Israelite aniconism or Israelite iconic politics? --Conclusion. Classification and cult.

In this volume, Nathaniel Levtow articulately interacts with

Mesopotamian and Israelite iconoclastic traditions, locating Israelite

Sommario/riassunto

polemics against cult images among a spectrum of ancient West Asian literary genres and ritual practices that target the embodied deities of political opponents. Levtow argues that Israelite parodies of Mesopotamian iconic cult were not unique expressions of aniconic monotheism but assertions of Israelite political potency during and shortly after the Babylonian Exile. By interpreting Israelite icon parodies in this context, Levtow rejects the idea of "idolatry" as a static, native Israelite descriptive category and highlights the ability of Israelite writers to compose authoritative classifications of cult that profoundly influenced ancient and modern understandings of iconic worship practices. He concludes that biblical representations of iconic cult reveal dynamic acts of Israelite social formation and exemplify the enduring power of the cult image in ancient West Asian societies.