

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910808950403321
Autore	Frajzyngier Zygmunt
Titolo	Explaining language structure through systems interaction / / Zygmunt Frajzyngier, Erin Shay
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Philadelphia, PA, : John Benjamins Pub., c2003
ISBN	1-282-16048-6 9786612160486 90-272-9556-5
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (327 p.)
Collana	Typological studies in language, , 0167-7373 ; ; 55
Altri autori (Persone)	ShayErin
Disciplina	415
Soggetti	Grammar, Comparative and general Structural linguistics System theory
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 291-300) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Explaining Language Structure through Systems Interaction -- Editorial page -- Title page -- LCC page -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Abbreviations -- 1. -- 2. -- 3. -- 4. -- 5. -- 6. -- 7. -- 8. -- 9. -- 10. -- 11. -- 12. -- Notes -- References -- Index of authors -- Index of languages -- Index of subjects -- The series Typological Studies in Language.
Sommario/riassunto	This book proposes a framework for describing languages through the description of relationships among lexicon, morphology, syntax, and phonology. The framework is based on the notion of formal coding means; the principle of functional transparency; the notion of functional domains; and the notion of systems interaction in the coding of functional domains. The study is based on original analyses of cross-linguistic data. The fundamental finding of the study is that different languages may code different functional domains, which must be discovered by analyzing the formal means available in each language. The first part of the book proposes a methodology for discovering functional domains and the second part describes the properties of various functional domains. The book presents new cross-linguistic analyses of theoretical issues including agreement;

phenomena attributed to government; nominal classification; prerequisites for and implications of linear order coding; and defining characteristics of lexical categories. The study also contributes new analyses of specific problems in individual languages.
