Record Nr. UNINA9910808680603321 Autore Demoulin Bernard **Titolo** Electromagnetic reverberation chambers // Bernard Demoulin, Philippe **Besnier** Pubbl/distr/stampa London, : ISTE Hoboken, N.J., : Wiley, 2011 **ISBN** 9781118602034 111860203X 9781118602157 1118602153 9781118601976 1118601971 9781299187672 1299187676 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (433 p.) ISTE Collana Classificazione SCI022000 Altri autori (Persone) BesnierPhilippe Disciplina 621.3 Soggetti Electromagnetic waves - Measurement Wave guides Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Cover: Title Page: Copyright Page: Tabel of Contents: Preface: Foreword; Introduction; Chapter 1. Position of the Reverberation Chambers in Common Electromagnetic Tests; 1.1. Introduction; 1.2. Electromagnetic fields and plane waves; 1.2.1. Definition and properties of plane waves; 1.2.2. General plane wave representation; 1.2.3. Assimilation of the far-field to a local plane wave; 1.2.4. Induction phenomena produced by plane waves; 1.3. Electromagnetic tests in confined areas; 1.3.1. Emission of a small rectangular loop; 1.3.2. Tests carried out in a TEM cell 1.3.3. Measurements carried out in an anechoic shielded chamber 1.3.4. Position of the reverberation chambers in tests carried out in a confined space; 1.4. Discussion; 1.4.1. On the use of the plane wave concepts: 1.4.2. On the uncertainty margin of the measurements carried out in a

reverberation chamber; 1.5. Bibliography; Chapter 2. Main Physical

Features of Electromagnetic Cavities; 2.1. Introduction; 2.2. Reduction of the modes in a 1D cavity; 2.2.1. Description of the 1D cavity; 2.2.2. Solutions of the 1D waves equation: 2.2.3. Eigenmodes computation 2.2.4. Comparison of a cavity to a network of LC resonators 2.2.5. Contribution of the quality factor to the cavity; 2.2.6. Optimal coupling of the energy on an eigenmode; 2.2.7. Deviation of the modal frequencies produced by an obstacle; 2.2.8. Implementation of mode stirring; 2.3. Physical features of an empty rectangular cavity; 2.3.1. Geometrical description of the reverberation chamber; 2.3.2. Calculation of the eigenmodes' frequencies; 2.3.3. The first eigenmode; 2.3.4. Higher order modes; 2.3.5. Mode spacing and mode density; 2.3.6. Quality factor of the 3D cavity 2.3.7. Regarding the excitation conditions of the cavity 2.3.8. Plane wave spectrum; 2.3.9. Influence of the energy losses on the plane wave spectrum; 2.4. The 3D cavity operating in stirred modes; 2.4.1. Role given to mode stirring; 2.4.2. Mechanical mode stirring; 2.4.3. Experimental proof of the modal excursion; 2.5. Discussion; 2.5.1. On the geometry of reverberation chambers; 2.5.2. On the use of the RLC resonators; 2.5.3. On the contribution of the modal interferences; 2.6. Bibliography; Chapter 3. Statistical Behavior of Stirred Waves in an Oversized Cavity: 3.1. Introduction 3.2. Descriptions of the ideal random electromagnetic field3.2.1. The electromagnetic field assumed as a random variable; 3.2.2. Statement of the postulate of an ideal random field; 3.2.3. Presentation conventions of the random variables; 3.2.4. 2 probability distribution; 3.2.5. Probability density function of the absolute field amplitude; 3.2.6. Probability density function of the power variable; 3.3. Simulation of the properties of an ideal random field: 3.3.1. Construction of the plane wave spectrum; 3.3.2. Construction of the interferences by random trials 3.3.3. Use of the central limit theorem

Sommario/riassunto

Dedicated to a complete presentation on all aspects of reverberation chambers, this book provides the physical principles behind these test systems in a very progressive manner. The detailed panorama of parameters governing the operation of electromagnetic reverberation chambers details various applications such as radiated immunity, emissivity, and shielding efficiency experiments. In addition, the reader is provided with the elements of electromagnetic theory and statistics required to take full advantage of the basic operational rules of reverberation chambers, including calibration proc