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Nota di contenuto	Cover; Contents; Contributors; Reviewers; Preface; Acknowledgments; Part 1. Overview; 1 A History of the Study of Ornithopods: Where Have We Been? Where Are We Now? and Where Are We Going?; Part 2. New Insights into Hadrosaur Origins; 2 Iguanodonts from the Wealden of England: Do They Contribute to the Discussion Concerning Hadrosaur Origins?; 3 Osteology of the Basal Hadrosauroid <i>Equijubus normani</i> (Dinosauria, Ornithopoda) from the Early Cretaceous of China 4 <i>Gongpoquansaurus mazongshanensis</i> (Lu, 1997) comb. nov. (Ornithischia: Hadrosauroidea) from the Early Cretaceous of Gansu Province, Northwestern China 5 Postcranial Anatomy of a Basal Hadrosauroid (Dinosauria: Ornithopoda) from the Cretaceous (Cenomanian) Woodbine Formation of North Texas; 6 A Re-evaluation of Purported Hadrosaurid Dinosaur Specimens from the "Middle" Cretaceous of England; 7 A New Hadrosauroid ( <i>Plesiohadros djadokhtaensis</i> ) from the Late Cretaceous Djadokhtan Fauna of Southern Mongolia 8 Hadrosauroid Material from the Santonian Milk River Formation of Southern Alberta, Canada Part 3. Hadrosaurid Anatomy and Variation; 9 New Hadrosaurid (Dinosauria, Ornithopoda) Specimens from the

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### Sommario/riassunto

Hadrosaurs--also known as duck-billed dinosaurs--are abundant in the fossil record. With their unique complex jaws and teeth perfectly suited to shred and chew plants, they flourished on Earth in remarkable diversity during the Late Cretaceous. So ubiquitous are their remains that we have learned more about dinosaurian paleobiology and paleoecology from hadrosaurs than we have from any other group. In recent years, hadrosaurs have been in the spotlight. Researchers around the world have been studying new specimens and new taxa seeking to expand and clarify our knowledge of these marvelous

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