Record Nr. UNINA9910808085703321 Administrative aspects of investment-based social security reform / / **Titolo** edited by John B. Shoven Pubbl/distr/stampa Chicago,: University of Chicago Press, c2000 **ISBN** 1-281-22404-9 9786611224042 0-226-75481-2 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (250 p.) Collana National Bureau of Economic Research conference report Altri autori (Persone) ShovenJohn B Disciplina 368.4/3/00973 Privatization - United States Soggetti Social security - United States Social security - United States - Finance Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references and indexes. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Front matter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction -- 1. Reforming Social Security. A Practical and Workable System of Personal Retirement Accounts -- 2. Administering a Cost-Effective. National Program of Personal Security Accounts -- 3. Mutual Funds and Institutional Investments What Is the Most Efficient Way to Set Up Individual Accounts in a Social Security System? -- 4. Administrative Costs and Equilibrium Charges with Individual Accounts -- 5. The Costs of Annuitizing Retirement Payouts from Individual Accounts -- 6. Panel Session: Industry Perspectives -- Contributors -- Author Index --Subject Index Social security reform in the United States continues to be a pressing Sommario/riassunto and contentious issue, with advocates touting some form of a centralized or a privatized system of personal accounts. In general, centralized systems offer low administrative costs, but are potentially subject to political mismanagement and appropriation. Privatized account systems, on the other hand, offer higher yields with more flexibility, but may prove too expensive and logistically daunting to implement. Uniting learned and outspoken proponents on both sides of

the debate, this volume provides the first comprehensive analysis of

the issues involved in administering a system of essentially private social security accounts. The contributors together come to startlingly similar conclusions, generally agreeing that a centralized system of accounts could deliver the benefits of privatization in a feasible and cost-efficient way by accessing administrative mechanisms already in existence. This is perhaps the most far-reaching synthesis yet envisioned of functional and implementable social security reform.