Record Nr. UNINA9910808036903321 Autore O'Connell Maurice R Titolo Irish politics and social conflict in the age of the American Revolution / / Maurice R. O'Connell Pubbl/distr/stampa Philadelphia:,: University of Pennsylvania Press,, [1965] **ISBN** 1-283-21136-X 9786613211361 0-8122-0097-7 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (444 pages): illustrations Disciplina 941.57 HISTORY / Europe / Ireland Soggetti Ireland Politics and government 1760-1820 United States History Revolution, 1775-1783 Influence Ireland Social conditions Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali First paperback edition 2007. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Frontmatter -- Contents -- List of Illustrations -- Preface -- I. Nota di contenuto Introduction -- II. Irish Opinion on the American Revolution -- III. The Origins of the Free Trade Crisis -- IV. War with France and the Formation of the Volunteers -- V. The Catholic Relief Act of 1778 -- VI. The Free Trade Movement -- VII. The Success of Radicalism -- VIII. The Assault on Imperial Control -- IX. The Collapse of Radicalism -- X. Class Conflicts and the Failure of Radicalism in 1780 -- XI. Carlisle's Quiet Year -- XII. The Revolution of 1782 -- XIII. The Catholic Relief Acts of 1782 -- XIV. Class Conflict and Parliamentary Reform --Appendices -- Bibliography -- Index Sommario/riassunto In the midst of great expansion and economic growth in the eighteenth century, Ireland was deeply divided along racial, religious, and economic lines. More than two thirds of the population were Catholic, but nearly all the landowners were Anglican. The minority also comprised practically the entire body of lawyers, officers in the army and navy, and holders of political positions. At the same time, a growing middle class of merchants and manufacturers sought to

reform Parliament to gain a real share in the political power

monopolized by the aristocracy and landed gentry. Irish Politics and Social Conflict in the Age of the American Revolution remains one of the few in-depth studies of the effects of the Revolution on Ireland. Focusing on nine important years of Irish history, 1775 to 1783, from the outbreak of war in colonial America to the year following its conclusion, the book details the social and political conditions of a period crucial to the development of Irish nationalism. Drawing extensively on the Dublin press of the time, Maurice R. O'Connell chronicles such important developments as the economic depression in Britain and the Irish movement for free trade, the Catholic Relief Act of 1778, the rise of the Volunteers, the formation of the Patriot group in the Irish Parliament, and the Revolution of 1782.