1. Record Nr. UNINA9910807489903321 Autore Mody Ashoka Titolo Breaking the Impediments to Budgetary Reforms : : Evidence from Europe / / Ashoka Mody, Stefania Fabrizio Washington, D.C.:,: International Monetary Fund,, 2008 Pubbl/distr/stampa 1-4623-9313-6 **ISBN** 1-4527-4101-8 1-282-84043-6 1-4518-6943-6 9786612840432 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (33 p.) Collana **IMF** Working Papers IMF working paper; ; WP/08/82 Altri autori (Persone) FabrizioStefania Disciplina 352.48 Soggetti Budget process - Europe Budget deficits - Europe Budgeting **Exports and Imports** Inflation Macroeconomics Public Finance National Budget **Budget Systems** Fiscal Policy **Current Account Adjustment** Short-term Capital Movements Debt **Debt Management** Sovereign Debt Price Level Deflation Budgeting & financial management International economics Public finance & taxation Budget planning and preparation Fiscal stance

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4. Crises and Reforms

5. Credibility6. Model Predictions; Figures; 1. Average Value of Fiscal Institutions' Index, 1991-2004; 2. Quality of Fiscal Institutions' Index and Per Capita Income; 3. Fiscal Institutions' Index; 4. Interaction of Primary Balance and Fractionalization; 5. Nonlinear Effects in the Full

Model: References

Sommario/riassunto

Under what conditions are budget institutions likely to be strengthened? We find that fiscal deficits do not help in focusing policymakers on undertaking reforms. To the contrary, the larger the deficit, the lower is the likelihood of reforms. Large deficits apparently imply strong claims on the budget and, hence, generate unwillingness to impose self-discipline. As such, countries will tend to move either to small fiscal deficits and good institutions or large deficits and weak institutions. Economic shocks (if they are large enough) can help build a constituency for improving budget institutions. However, if forgiving markets accommodate economic shocks, even such pressure may be insufficient. Forwardlooking and credible leadership appears to be an important ingredient of the solution.