Record Nr. UNINA9910807326403321 Autore Hacking lan Titolo Rewriting the soul: multiple personality and the sciences of memory // Ian Hacking Pubbl/distr/stampa Princeton, N.J., : Princeton University Press, 1998, c1995 **ISBN** 1-4008-0326-8 1-4008-1193-7 1-282-75223-5 9786612752230 1-4008-2168-1 Edizione [Course Book] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (347 pages) Disciplina 153.1/2 Soggetti Multiple personality - Philosophy Memory - Social aspects Multiple personality - Social aspects Multiple personality - History Soul - Psychological aspects Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali "1st pbk. print., with corrections". Includes bibliographical references (p. 297-328) and index. Nota di bibliografia Is It Real? -- What Is It Like? -- The Movement -- Child Abuse --Nota di contenuto Gender -- Cause -- Measure -- Truth in Memory -- Schizophrenia --Before Memory -- Doubling of the Personality -- The Very First Multiple Personality -- Trauma -- The Sciences of Memory -- Memoro-Politics -- Mind and Body -- An Indeterminacy in the Past -- False Consciousness. Sommario/riassunto Twenty-five years ago one could list by name the tiny number of multiple personalities recorded in the history of Western medicine, but today hundreds of people receive treatment for dissociative disorders in every sizable town in North America. Clinicians, backed by a grassroots movement of patients and therapists, find child sexual abuse to be the primary cause of the illness, while critics accuse the "MPD" community of fostering false memories of childhood trauma.

Here the distinguished philosopher Ian Hacking uses the MPD epidemic

and its links with the contemporary concept of child abuse to scrutinize today's moral and political climate, especially our power struggles about memory and our efforts to cope with psychological injuries. What is it like to suffer from multiple personality? Most diagnosed patients are women: why does gender matter? How does defining an illness affect the behavior of those who suffer from it? And, more generally, how do systems of knowledge about kinds of people interact with the people who are known about? Answering these and similar questions, Hacking explores the development of the modern multiple personality movement. He then turns to a fascinating series of historical vignettes about an earlier wave of multiples, people who were diagnosed as new ways of thinking about memory emerged, particularly in France, toward the end of the nineteenth century. Fervently occupied with the study of hypnotism, hysteria, sleepwalking, and fugue, scientists of this period aimed to take the soul away from the religious sphere. What better way to do this than to make memory a surrogate for the soul and then subject it to empirical investigation? Made possible by these nineteenth-century developments, the current outbreak of dissociative disorders is embedded in new political settings. Rewriting the Soul concludes with a powerful analysis linking historical and contemporary material in a fresh contribution to the archaeology of knowledge. As Foucault once identified a politics that centers on the body and another that classifies and organizes the human population, Hacking has now provided a masterful description of the politics of memory: the scientizing of the soul and the wounds it can receive.