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from Kerosene to Electricity in Rural India; Notes; Chapter 3 Barriers to Household Adoption; Abstract; The Gap between Electricity Access and Adoption; Boxes; Box 3.1 Key Definitions Used in this Study; Figure 3.1 Availability-Access Gap, 2010; Figure 3.2 Urban and Rural Barriers to Adoption, 2000, 2004, and 2010
Impact of Power Reliability on Electricity Adoption Figure 3.3 Electricity Outages, by Rural Electrification Rates for Selected States, 2005; Table 3.1 Extent of Kerosene Used for Household Lighting in Rural India, 2005; Table 3.2 Power Outages and Kerosene Use for Households with Grid Electricity, 2005; Household Affordability; Figure 3.4 Effect of Supply Reliability on Household Adoption in Electrified Villages, 2005; Figure 3.5 Electricity Expenditure as a Share of Household Budget, 2000 and 2010; Box 3.2 Measuring Affordability of Electricity Service
Figure 3.6 Consumption, Expenditure, and Effective Tariff, 2010 Summary Remarks; Figure 3.7 Affordability of Representative Monthly Electricity Bill; Note; Chapter 4 History of Rural Electrification and Institutional Organization; Abstract; Evolution of Rural Electrification; Table 4.1 Timeline in the Evolution of India's Rural Electrification; Institutional Organization; National Policies and the RGGVY Program; Figure 4.1 National-Level Institutional Organization of Rural Electrification; Figure 4.2 Comparison of RGGVY Institutional Structure in Two States
Table 4.2 RGGVY Implementation Features, by State

Sommario/riassunto

India has been one of the world's leading developing countries in providing electricity to both rural and urban populations. The country's rural energy policies and institutions have contributed greatly to reducing the number of people globally who continue to lack access to electricity. By late 2012, the national electricity grid had reached 92 percent of India's rural villages, about 880 million people. Yet, owing mainly to its large population, India still has by far the world's largest number of households without electricity. About 311 million people still live without electricity, and th
