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Titolo	Encyclopedia of Sustainability Science and Technology [[electronic resource] /] / edited by Robert A. Meyers
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Disciplina	503
Soggetti	Sustainable development Engineering Energy Pollution Chemistry Medicine Sustainable Development Engineering, general Energy, general Pollution, general Chemistry/Food Science, general Medicine/Public Health, general
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Air Pollution Sources, Statistics and Health Effects: Animal Breeding and Genetics for Food Production -- Batteries: Climate Change Mitigation -- Climate Change Modeling Methodology: Crop Science and Technology, Earth System Monitoring (Global Earth Observation System), Ecological Systems -- Electric, Hybrid and Fuel Cell Vehicles -- Environmental Radioactivity and Ecotoxicology of Radioactive Substances -- Environmental Toxicology: Fossil Fuels, Fossil Fuel Electric Power Stations, Fresh Water Resources, Water Purification and Desalinization -- Fuel Cells Science and Technology: Geoenvironmental Engineering, Geothermal Power Stations -- Green Chemistry and Chemical Engineering: Hazardous Waste Characterization and Disposal,

Hydrogen Production Science and Technology, Infectious Diseases Science and Technology, Intelligent Vehicles Technology, Mass Transit Science and Technology -- Nuclear Energy: Ocean Energy, Ocean Farming and Sustainable Aquaculture Science and Technology -- Oceans and Human Health, Photovoltaics -- Renewable Energy From Biomass -- Soil and Groundwater Pollution and Remediation -- Solar Radiation (Solar Insolation): Solar Thermal Energy, Solid Waste Disposal and Recycling, Sustainable Built Environment -- Sustainable Landscape Design and Green Roof Science and Technology -- Transgenic Livestock for Food Production -- Transport and Fate of Chemicals in the Environment: Transport Electrical Transmission Systems and Smart Grids, Waste to Energy, Wind Power.

Sommario/riassunto

The Encyclopedia of Sustainability Science and Technology (ESST) addresses the grand challenge for science and engineering today. It provides unprecedented, peer-reviewed coverage in more than 550 separate entries comprising 38 topical sections. ESST establishes a foundation for the many sustainability and policy evaluations being performed in institutions worldwide. An indispensable resource for scientists and engineers in developing new technologies and for applying existing technologies to sustainability, the Encyclopedia of Sustainability Science and Technology is presented at the university and professional level needed for scientists, engineers, and their students to support real progress in sustainability science and technology. Although the emphasis is on science and technology rather than policy, the Encyclopedia of Sustainability Science and Technology is also a comprehensive and authoritative resource for policy makers who want to understand the scope of research and development and how these bottom-up innovations map on to the sustainability challenge.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910798672103321
Autore	Morrow Gary W. <1951->
Titolo	Biorganic synthesis : an introduction // Gary W. Morrow
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York, New York : , : Oxford University Press, , 2016 ©2016
ISBN	0-19-062734-4 0-19-756322-8 0-19-986052-1
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xxi, 429 pages) : illustrations
Collana	Oxford scholarship online
Disciplina	572/.45
Soggetti	Organic compounds - Synthesis Biosynthesis Chemistry, Organic
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Previously issued in print: 2016.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Introduction -- The Unique Role of Carbon -- Distinguishing Primary Versus Secondary Metabolism -- Secondary Metabolites and Natural Products -- Natural Products in Organic Chemistry and Medicine -- The Organic Chemistry of Biosynthesis -- Goals and Structure of This Book -- Review of Functional Groups, Stereochemistry, and Conformational Analysis -- Prochiral Relationships: One Step from Chirality -- Prochiral it-Systems: "Two-Faced" Reaction Centers -- Diastereotopic Atoms and Groups: One Step from a Diastereomer -- Monosubstituted Cyclohexanes: Favoring Equatorial Positions -- Disubstituted Cyclohexanes: Equivalent and Nonequivalent Combinations -- Bicyclic Systems: Joining of Rings -- Heterocyclic Ring Systems: One Atom Makes All the Difference -- Bond Making and Breaking: Have Pair, Will Share; Need Two from You -- Bronsted Acid-Base Reactions: Proton Donors Gladly Accepted -- Acidity Trends: Why that Proton Is or Isn't Acidic -- Carbocations: Three Bonds to Carbon Can Be a Plus -- Radicals: Odd and Reactive -- Elimination Reactions: Introducing the Carbon-Carbon n-Bond -- Carbocations: Rearrangements and Fates -- Electrophilic Additions: n-Bonds as Nucleophilic Agents -- Nucleophilic

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Phosphate Route to IPP and DMAPP -- Hemiterpenes: Just One Isoprene
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Did the Carbons Go? -- Conversions of Cholesterol: Production of the
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Different Routes and Different Results -- Mono- and Polyunsaturated
Fatty Acids: Putting in the "Essential" Double Bonds -- Aerobic Versus
Anaerobic Routes to Desaturation -- Further Desaturation of Fatty
Acids: Triple Bonds and Rings -- Prostaglandins, Thromboxanes, and
Leukotrienes: The Power of Oxygenated FAs -- Polyketide Biosynthesis:
More Starter Units and Extender Units, but with a Twist --
Aromatic Polyketide Natural Products: Phenols and Related Structures
-- Isotopic Labeling Studies: Biosynthetic Insights via ¹³C NMR --
Further Modification of Polyketides: Alkylations, Oxidations,

Reductions, and Decarboxylations -- Other Oxidative Modifications of Aromatic Rings: Expansion or Cleavage Processes -- Oxidative Coupling of Phenols: Formation of Aryl-Aryl Bonds -- The Use of Other Starter Groups: From Cancer Drugs and Antibiotics to Poison Ivy -- More on Polyketide Synthase (PKS) Systems: Increasing Product Diversity -- Modular Type I PKS Complexes and Macrolide Antibiotics: Erythromycin Biosynthesis -- Genetic Manipulation of Modular PKS Systems: Rational Drug Modification -- Some Final PKS Products of Medicinal Importance -- Looking Ahead -- Study Problems -- What Is Shikimic Acid? -- Shikimic, Chorismic, and Prephenic Acids at the Heart of the Pathway -- The Claisen Rearrangement: Allyl Vinyl Ethers in a Chair -- Conversion of Chorismic Acid to Prephenic Acid -- Conversion of Prephenic Acid to Phenylalanine or Tyrosine -- More Uses for Chorismic Acid -- Shikimic Acid Pathway Products from Phenylalanine and Tyrosine: An Overview -- Phenylpropanoids: A Large Family of Phenyl C3 Compounds -- Phenylpropanoids: Reduction of Acids to Phenyl C3 Aldehydes and Alcohols -- Reduction of Phenyl C3 Alcohols to Phenylpropenes -- Lignans and Lignin: Oxidative Phenolic Coupling with a Twist -- Coniferyl Alcohol Oxidative Coupling: Allyl C-Radical + Allyl C-Radical -- Coniferyl Alcohol Oxidative Coupling: Ortho C-Radical + Allyl C-Radical -- Coniferyl Alcohol Oxidative Coupling: O-Radical + Allyl C-Radical -- Lignin: A Plant Polymer and Major Source of Carbon -- Podophyllotoxin Biosynthesis: Aryltetralin Lignans from the American Mayapple -- Cleavage of Cinnamic Acids to Phenyl C1 Compounds: Different Routes, Similar Outcomes -- Coumarins: Sweet-Smelling Benzopyrones -- Combining the Shikimate, Polyketide, and Terpenoid Pathways -- Kavalactones: Natural Sedatives from the South Pacific -- Flavonoids: Structurally Diverse Plant Polyphenolics -- The Chalcone-to-Flavanone-to-Flavone Sequence: Formation of Apigenin -- The Flavanone-to-Dihydroflavonol-to-Anthocyanin Sequence: Formation of Pelargonidin -- The Flavanone-to-Isoflavanone-to-Isoflavone Sequence: Formation of Genistein -- Isoflavanoid Structural Modifications: Production of Antimicrobial Phytoalexins -- Rotenoids: Fish Poisons from Isoflavones -- Looking Ahead -- Study Problems -- Alkaloid Structure: The Importance of N-Heterocycles -- Alkaloids Not Derived from Amino Acids: Amination Reactions, Poisons, and Venoms -- Amino Acids and Mannich Reactions: Important Keys to Alkaloid Biosynthesis -- Alkaloids from Ornithine: Tropanes via the Mannich Reaction in Action -- Pyrrolizidine Alkaloids: Poison Plants and Insect Defense -- Piperidine-Type Alkaloids Derived from Lysine -- Quinolizidine Alkaloids: Livestock Poisons from Cadaverine -- Alkaloids from Phenylalanine: From Neurotransmitters to Decongestants and Narcotics -- Alkaloids from Tyrosine: The Pictet-Spengler Reaction in Alkaloid Biosynthesis -- (S)-Reticuline: A Versatile Pictet-Spengler-Derived Benzyltetrahydroisoquinoline -- Oxidative Coupling in Alkaloid Biosynthesis: Biosynthesis of Corytuberine and Morphine -- The Morphine Rule -- Alkaloids from Tryptophan: Adventures in Indole Alkaloid Structural Complexity -- Pictet-Spengler-Type Reactions of Tryptamine: p-Carbolines and Indole Terpene Alkaloids -- Alkaloids from Nicotinic Acid: Toxic Addictive Derivatives of a Common Nutrient -- Alkaloids from Anthranilic Acid: From Tryptophan to Quinolines and Acridines -- Alkaloids from Histidine: From Simple Amides to Glaucoma Drugs -- Purine Alkaloids: Addictive Stimulants in our Coffee, Tea, and Chocolate -- Cyclic and Macrocyclic Peptides: From Sweeteners to Antibiotics and Beyond -- Penicillins, Cephalosporins, and Carbapenems: The Essential

p-Lactam Antibiotics -- A Final Look Ahead -- Study Problems -- Why We Synthesize Organic Compounds -- Synthetic Challenges: Total Synthesis -- Synthetic Challenges: Semisynthesis -- Synthetic Challenges: Biomimetic Synthesis -- Synthetic Challenges: Structural Revision or Confirmation -- Synthetic Challenges: Formal Synthesis -- Synthetic Challenges: Stereoselective Synthesis of Optically Pure Compounds -- Resolution of Enantiomers to Obtain Optically Pure Compounds -- Use of Chiral Pool Compounds for Synthesis of Optically Pure Natural Products -- Use of Chiral Reagents for Synthesis of Optically Pure Compounds -- Use of Chiral Substrate Control for Stereoselective Synthesis -- Use of Chiral Auxiliaries for Synthesis of Optically Pure Compounds -- Use of Chiral Catalysis for Synthesis of Optically Pure Compounds -- Use of Enzymes for Synthesis of Optically Pure Compounds: Biocatalysis -- Some Final Thoughts -- Study Problems.

Sommario/riassunto

New elective courses at the undergraduate level that address topics crossing the traditional boundaries of chemistry and biology are increasingly necessary, as are courses that can provide traditional chemistry students with additional insight into the fundamental role that chemistry plays in the function and evolution of biological systems. This text builds on the foundation of a one-year introductory course in organic chemistry, focusing on familiar organic chemical processes associated with the biosynthesis of primary and secondary metabolites, with special emphasis on the latter group.
