Record Nr. Autore Titolo	UNINA9910798516703321 Kleppinger Kathryn A. Branding the 'beur' author : minority writing and the media in France, 1983-2013 / / Kathryn A. Kleppinger [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Liverpool : , : Liverpool University Press, , 2015
ISBN	1-78694-520-7 1-78138-480-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xi, 271 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Collana	Contemporary French and Francophone Cultures ; ; 36
Disciplina	840.71
Soggetti	African fiction (French) - 20th century - History and criticism French fiction - 20th century - History and criticism French fiction - 21st century - History and criticism French literature - 20th century - History and criticism French literature - 21st century - History and criticism French fiction - Minority authors - History and criticism French literature - Minority authors - History and criticism Mass media and minorities - France Mass media and literature - France French literature
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 07 Jul 2017).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Authorship at a crossroads : the changing faces of French writing, 1983-2013 Mehdi Charef and the invention of beur writing Competing visions of minority authorship : Azouz Begag and Farida Belghoul Eyewitness narratives and the creation of the beurette Rachid Djaidani and the shift from beur to banlieue writing Revising the beurette label : Faiza Guene's ongoing quest to reframe the reception of her work Sabri Louatah and the Qui fait la France? Collective : literature and politics since 2007.
Sommario/riassunto	Branding the Beur Author focuses on the mainstream media promotion of literature written by the descendants of North African immigrants to France (often called beurs). These conversations between journalists and 'beur' authors delve into contemporary debates such as the

1.

explosion of racism in the 1980s and the purported role of Islam in French society in the 1990s. But the interests of journalists looking for sensational subject matter also heavily shape the promotion and reception of these novels: only the 'beur' authors who employ a realist style to write about the challenges faced by the North African immigrant population in France-and who engage on-air with French identity politics and immigration-receive multiple invitations to participate in interviews. Previous scholarship has taken a necessary first step by analyzing the social and political stakes of this literature (using labels such as 'beur' and/or 'banlieue,' to designate its urban, economically distressed setting), but the book argues that we must move beyond this approach because it reproduces the selection criteria deployed by the media that determine which books receive the most commercial and critical support. By demonstrating how minority-based literary labels such as 'francophone' and 'postcolonial' are always already defined by the socio-political context in which books are published and promoted, the book establishes that these labels are tautological and cannot reflect the thematic and stylistic richness of beur (and other minority) production in France.