

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910790418203321
Autore	Faruqee Hamid
Titolo	Global Rebalancing : : A Roadmap for Economic Recovery // Hamid Faruqee, Krishna Srinivasan
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2013
ISBN	1-4755-9164-0 1-4755-7827-X 1-4755-4877-X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (180 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	SrinivasanKrishna
Soggetti	Economic policy Economic development Financial crises - Prevention Equilibrium (Economics) Balance of trade Debts, External Exports and Imports Macroeconomics Public Finance Industries: Financial Services Production and Operations Management Labor Debt Debt Management Sovereign Debt Current Account Adjustment Short-term Capital Movements Fiscal Policy Taxation, Subsidies, and Revenue: General National Government Expenditures and Related Policies: General Public finance & taxation International economics Labour income economics Currency Foreign exchange Public debt Current account surpluses

Current account deficits
Fiscal consolidation
Revenue administration
Balance of payments
Fiscal policy
Debts, Public
Revenue
Expenditures, Public
United States

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	part I. A framework for rebalancing and recovery -- part II. Imbalances in major deficit economies -- part III. Imbalances in major surplus economies -- part IV. Rebalancing and growth.
Sommario/riassunto	This book examines imbalances in seven major economies: China, France, Germany, India, Japan, the United Kingdom, and the United States, evaluating key indicators agreed on by the G20 for identifying large imbalances, including public and private debt and private saving, and countries external position. The chapters describe a suite of corrective steps tailored for each country that, if implemented, could improve prospective economic outcomes, creating sustainable and balanced growth for these economies and serving as a model for other G20 countries.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910798433603321
Autore	Pan Victor Junnan
Titolo	Resumptivity in Mandarin Chinese : a minimalist account // Victor Junnan Pan
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, Germany : , : De Gruyter Mouton, , [2016] ©2016
ISBN	3-11-048975-9 3-11-049238-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (324 pages)
Collana	Trends in Linguistics:Studies and monographs, , 1861-4302 ; ; volume 298
Classificazione	EG 9200
Disciplina	495.1/82421
Soggetti	Mandarin dialects Grammar, Comparative and general - Pronoun Chinese language
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	List of abbreviations -- Resumptivity : an overview -- Introduction -- Resumptivity -- Resumptive pronouns -- Two types of resumptive pronouns -- Two different points of view -- Syntactic level : to move, or not to move, that is the question! -- Period of GB -- Period of MP -- Semantic level : to move, or not to move, that is still the question! -- Main proposals in this study -- Against the macro : variation hypothesis -- Against the "spelled out traces" analysis -- Main proposals -- Organization of the argumentation -- Syntactic derivation : two types of A'-dependencies -- Introduction -- Distribution of resumptive pronouns in relatives and in dislocation structures -- Islands -- Relatives -- Dislocation structures -- Summary -- Crossover effects -- Weak crossover effects -- Relatives -- Dislocation structures -- Strong crossover effect -- Relatives -- Dislocation structures -- Summary -- Summary -- Analyses -- In the framework of government and binding theory -- In the minimalist program -- Match, agree and move -- Deriving resumptive constructions by agree -- Adger & Ramchand (2001, 2005) -- Rouveret (2002, 2008, to appear) -- Resumption in Chinese -- Island effects -- Crossover effects -- Resumptive distocationstructures -- Differences between relatives and

dislocation structures -- Locality -- Summary -- Conclusion --
 Reconstruction and internal structures of resumptive pronouns --
 Introduction -- Reconstruction effects and movement -- Two types of
 reconstruction effects -- Reconstruction of anaphoric binding --
 Reconstruction of the scope of a quantifier -- Reconstruction effects
 and movement -- Two types of resumptivities -- Two generalizations
 of Aoun et al. (2001) -- Against the generalizations of Aoun et al.
 (2001) -- Against the first generalization of Aoun et al. : absence of
 island -- Against the second generalization of Aoun et al. : presence of
 islands -- Conclusion -- Reconstruction effects and internal structures
 of resumptive pronouns -- Two types of resumptive pronouns : strong
 pronouns, epithets and weak pronouns -- Two types of copies :
 indefinite and definite (Guilliot 2006) -- Two internal structures of
 resumptive pronouns : Rouveret (1994, 2002, 2008, to appear) --
 Choice of internal structure of a resumptive pronoun -- Summary --
 Reconstruction effects in Chinese -- Reconstruction and quantifier
 scope -- Relatives -- Dislocation structures -- Summary -- Possibility
 to take a quantificational antecedent -- Relatives -- Dislocation
 structures -- Summary -- Reconstruction of anaphoric binding --
 Relatives -- Dislocation structures -- Summary -- Condition C effects
 under reconstruction -- Relatives -- Dislocation structures -- Summary
 -- Summary -- Analysis -- Correlation between types of syntactic
 constructions and forms of resumptives -- Interaction of different
 components of grammar -- Argument : two types of pronouns in
 Chinese -- Distribution of the pronoun qi -- Reconstruction of a
 quantifier scope -- Possibility to take a quantificational antecedent --
 Anaphoric binding reconstruction -- Condition C effects under
 reconstruction -- Summary -- Differences between ta and qi --
 Conclusion -- A mysterious problem is solved! -- Conclusion --
 Specificity effects -- Introduction -- Derive individual reading and
 distributive reading -- Two types of specificities -- Non-specific
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 pair-list reading -- Resumptivity and semantic readings -- Sharvit
 (1999) -- Guilliot (2006, 2011) -- Malkawi (2009) : competition of the
 readings -- Rouveret (2002, 2008, to appear) -- General distribution of
 different readings in Chinese -- Individual readings : non-specific (de
 dicto) vs. specific (de re) -- Relatives -- Dislocation structures --
 Distributive readings : natural function vs. pair-list -- Relatives --
 Dislocation structures -- Resumptive pronouns -- Intrusive pronouns
 -- Summary -- Analysis -- Conclusion -- Concluding remarks --
 Syntactic level -- Semantic level -- Architecture of resumptivity --
 Interaction of different factors involved in the derivation of an A'-
 dependency -- Two predictions -- What Chinese tells us about
 resumptivity -- Appendix : General distribution of the resumptive
 pronouns in Mandarin Chinese -- Introduction -- Personal pronouns in
 Chinese -- Syntactic constructions Involving A'-dependencies in
 Chinese -- Wh-dependency -- Relativization -- Topicalization -- Ex-
 situ cleft-focus structures -- Wh-ex-situ constructions -- ATB-
 constructions -- Summary -- General distribution of the resumptive
 pronouns in Chinese -- Cases in which the presence of the resumptive
 pronouns is obligatory -- Cases in which the presence of the
 resumptive pronouns is optional or prohibited -- ; References -- ;
 Subject index.

Sommario/riassunto

The use of resumptive pronouns is quite productive in Mandarin Chinese; however, their distribution has rarely been studied in a systematic way. This book not only gives a thorough description of the general distribution of resumptive pronouns in different contexts but also offers a theoretical account in the framework of the Minimalist

Program. Different types of A'-dependencies, mediated by gaps and by resumptive pronouns, are derived by different minimalist mechanisms, such as Agree, Match and Move. These mechanisms only apply at Narrow Syntax and do not uniformly obey locality constraints. Importantly, interpretative properties of an A'-bound element, such as reconstruction effects, is only related to its internal structure irrespective of how the A'-chain concerned is derived. From this perspective, resumptivity is an exclusively syntactic-related phenomenon and is thus not subject to any interface condition. Adopting a comparative approach, this study improves the general understanding of resumptivity crosslinguistically.
