Record Nr. UNINA9910797745403321 Autore Keyvanian Carla Titolo Hospitals and urbanism in Rome, 1200-1500 / / by Carla Keyvanian Pubbl/distr/stampa Leiden, [Netherlands];; Boston, [Massachusetts]:,: Brill,, 2015 ©2015 **ISBN** 90-04-30755-9 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (463 p.) Collana Brill's Studies in Intellectual History, , 0920-8607; ; Volume 252 Brill's Studies on Art, Art History, and Intellectual History; ; Volume 12 Disciplina 725/.510945632 Soggetti Hospital buildings - Italy - Rome - Design and construction - History -Public hospitals - Italy - Rome - History - To 1500 Architecture and state - Italy - Rome - History - To 1500 Cities and towns - Growth - Italy - Rome - History - To 1500 City and town life - Italy - Rome - History - To 1500 City planning - Italy - Rome - History - To 1500 Urbanization - Italy - Rome - History - To 1500 Rome (Italy) Buildings, structures, etc Rome (Italy) Social conditions Rome (Italy) Politics and government Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Preliminary Material -- Introduction -- 1 Healing Forgiveness -- 2 The Borgo -- 3 Hospitals, Monasteries and Urban Control -- 4 Hospitals, Towers and Barons -- 5 The Lateran -- 6 The Papal Hospital: Santo Spirito in Sassia -- Epilogue -- Bibliography -- Index of People --Places and Subjects. Sommario/riassunto In Hospitals and Urbanism in Rome 1200 – 1500, Carla Keyvanian offers a new interpretation of the urban development of Rome during three seminal centuries by focusing on the construction of public hospitals. These monumental charitable institutions were urban expressions of sovereignty. Keyvanian traces the political reasons for

their emergence and their architectural type in Europe around 1200. In

Rome, hospitals ballasted the corporate image of social elites, aided in settling and garrisoning vital sectors and were the hubs around which strategies aimed at territorial control revolved. When the strategies faltered, the institutions were rapidly abandoned. Hospitals in areas of enduring significance instead still function, bearing testimony to the influence of late medieval urban interventions on modern Rome.