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	Autore	Gregory, Richard L.
	Titolo	Curiosi percezioni / Richard L.Gregory
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Bologna, : il Mulino, 1989
	ISBN	8815021094
	Descrizione fisica	300 p. : fig. ; 21 cm
	Collana	<Le >occasioni ; 24
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
2.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910797655903321
	Autore	Hodges Christopher J. S.
	Titolo	Law and corporate behaviour : integrating theories of regulation, enforcement, compliance and ethics / / Christopher Hodges
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Oxford ; ; Portland, Ore. : , : Hart Publishing, , 2015
	ISBN	1-4742-0112-1 1-78225-582-6
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (831 p.)
	Collana	Civil justice systems ; ; v. 3
	Disciplina	346/.066
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	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Includes index.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
	Nota di contenuto	pt. A. Psychology -- pt. B. Deterrence -- pt. C. Regulation -- pt. D. Regulation and compliance by business -- pt. E. Regulatory architectures -- pt. F. Conclusions.
	Sommario/riassunto	"This book examines the theories and practice of how to control corporate behaviour through legal techniques. The principal theories examined are deterrence, economic rational acting, responsive

regulation, and the findings of behavioural psychology. Leading examples of the various approaches are given in order to illustrate the models: private enforcement of law through litigation in the USA, public enforcement of competition law by the European Commission, and the recent reform of policies on public enforcement of regulatory law in the United Kingdom. Noting that behavioural psychology has as yet had only limited application in legal and regulatory theory, the book then analyses various European regulatory structures where behavioural techniques can be seen or could be applied. Sectors examined include financial services, civil aviation, pharmaceuticals, and workplace health and safety. Key findings are that 'enforcement' has to focus on identifying the causes of non-compliance, so as to be able to support improved performance, rather than be based on fear motivating complete compliance. Systems in which reporting is essential for safety only function with a no-blame culture. The book concludes by proposing an holistic model for maximising compliance within large organisations, combining public regulatory and criminal controls with internal corporate systems and external influences by stakeholders, held together by a unified core of ethical principles. Hence, the book proposes a new theory of ethical regulation."--Bloomsbury Publishing.

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