

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910796585703321
Autore	Schubert Jon <1982->
Titolo	Working the system : a political ethnography of the new Angola / / Jon Schubert
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ithaca : , : Cornell University Press, , 2017
ISBN	1-5017-1370-1 1-5017-0969-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (270 pages) : illustrations, maps
Disciplina	967.304/2
Soggetti	Ethnology - Angola Politics and culture - Angola Power (Social sciences) - Angola Postwar reconstruction - Social aspects - Angola Angola History 2002-
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Previously issued in print: 2017.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Introduction : working the system in boomtown Africa -- 2002, year zero : the foundations of the new Angola -- Sambizanga : the affects of place and memory -- Angolanidade : mediating urbanity through race and class -- Cunhas : situational kinship and everyday authority -- A culture of immediatism : co-optation and complicity -- Against the system, within the system : the parameters of the political.
Sommario/riassunto	Working the System offers key insights into the politics of the everyday in twenty-first-century dominant party and neo-authoritarian regimes in Africa and elsewhere. Detailing the many ways ordinary Angolans fashion their relationships with the system-an emic notion of their current political and socioeconomic environment-Jon Schubert explores what it means and how it feels to be part of the contemporary Angolan polity. Schubert finds that for many ordinary Angolans, the benefits of the post-conflict "New Angola," flush with oil wealth and in the midst of a construction boom, are few. The majority of the inhabitants of the capital, Luanda, struggle to make ends meet and live on under \$2 .00 per day. The "New Angola" as promoted by the ruling MPLA, Schubert contends, is an essentially urban, upwardly mobile, and aspirational

project, premised on the acceptance of the regime's political and economic dominance by its citizens. In the first ethnography of Angola to be published since the end of that country's twenty-seven years of intermittent violent internal conflict in 2002, Schubert traces how Angolans may question and resist the system within an atmosphere of apparent compliance. Working the System will appeal to anthropologists and political scientists, urban sociologists, and scholars of African studies.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910781803803321
Autore	Moynihan Donald P
Titolo	The dynamics of performance management [[electronic resource] ] : constructing information and reform / / Donald P. Moynihan
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C., : Georgetown University Press, 2008
ISBN	1-58901-435-9 1-4356-4871-4
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (265 p.)
Collana	Public management and change
Disciplina	352.6/6
Soggetti	Performance - Management Organizational effectiveness Administrative agencies - United States - Management
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	An era of governance by performance management -- Performance management as doctrine -- The partial adoption of performance management reforms in state governments -- Explaining the partial adoption of performance management reforms -- Explaining the implementation of performance management reforms -- The interactive dialogue model of performance information use -- Performance management under George W. Bush -- PART and the interactive dialogue model -- Dialogue routines and learning forums -- Rethinking performance management.
Sommario/riassunto	Efficiency. Innovation. Results. Accountability. These, advocates claim,

are the fruits of performance management. In recent decades government organizations have eagerly embraced the performance model but the rush to reform has not delivered as promised. Drawing on research from state and federal levels, Moynihan illustrates how governments have emphasized some aspects of performance management such as building measurement systems to acquire more performance data but have neglected wider organizational change that would facilitate the use of such information. In his analysis of why and how go

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