

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910795870403321
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Titolo	What Economists Should Do : In Defense of Mainstream Economic Thought
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York : , : Business Expert Press, , 2022 ©2022
ISBN	1-63742-233-4
Edizione	[First edition]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (150 pages)
Collana	Economics and public policy collection
Disciplina	330
Soggetti	Economics - Philosophy Neoclassical school of economics Keynesian economics Economics
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di contenuto	Chapter 1. Introduction -- Chapter 2. Preaching economics -- Chapter 3. Where economics stands today -- Chapter 4. Neoclassical economics and its critics -- Chapter 5. The irrelevance of economic assumptions -- Chapter 6. Ideology -- Chapter 7. Economics and cognitive science -- Chapter 8. What economists should do.
Sommario/riassunto	The discipline of economics suffers from a great deal of dissension among its practitioners. There are a number of economic fields that challenge the validity of "neoclassical economics" or what can be called "main-stream economics." The neoclassical school, which emerged in the 1870s, advanced the study of economics by developing a theory of value based on utility. The earlier classical school saw value as based on the labor content of goods. Neoclassical economics is what college students are taught in their courses on microeconomics. Instruction in microeconomics is centered on the principle that, for any good, price will adjust until supply equals demand. Challenges to this principle come from several sources: behavioral economics, neuroeconomics, Austrian economics, Keynesian economics, and others. A common thread running through these fields is that neoclassical economics rests on unrealistic assumptions and must therefore be questioned for its

usefulness. This book argues that, contrary to the critics, neoclassical economics is the only method available to economists for bringing about rational economic policy choices. Irrational policy choices are the result of voters and politicians letting sentiments, as Adam Smith defined them, get in the way of rational thought. Neoclassical economics predicts that minimum wage laws will cause unemployment of low-wage workers. Yet minimum wage laws remain popular with both voters and politicians. It is the job of economists to question this popularity.

2. Record Nr.

<b>Titolo</b>	UNINA9910954947603321
<b>Pubbl/distr/stampa</b>	Violence in America : a public health approach / / edited by Mark L. Rosenberg and Mary Ann Fenley
<b>ISBN</b>	New York ; , : Oxford University Press, , 2023
	0-19-773805-2 1-280-52496-0 1-4237-3693-1 0-19-974871-3 1-60129-773-4
<b>Edizione</b>	[1st ed.]
<b>Descrizione fisica</b>	1 online resource (216 pages)
<b>Collana</b>	Oxford scholarship online
<b>Disciplina</b>	303.6/0973
<b>Soggetti</b>	Violence - United States Family violence - United States Crime prevention - United States Public health - United States Victims of crimes - Medical care - United States
<b>Lingua di pubblicazione</b>	Inglese
<b>Formato</b>	Materiale a stampa
<b>Livello bibliografico</b>	Monografia
<b>Note generali</b>	Previously issued in print: 1991.
<b>Nota di bibliografia</b>	Includes bibliographical references and index.
<b>Nota di contenuto</b>	""Contents""; ""Contributors""; ""1. Introduction""; ""2. Assaultive Violence""; ""3. Child Abuse""; ""4. Child Sexual Abuse""; ""5. Rape and Sexual Assault""; ""6. Spouse Abuse""; ""7. Violence Against the Elderly""; ""8. Suicide""; ""Index""

## Sommario/riassunto

Aims to draw together what is known about violence in US society, and to lead the way towards involving health professionals in education, prevention and intervention. For a number of topics, it offers an analysis of issues in epidemiology, causal and risk factors, outcomes and interventions.