1. Record Nr. UNINA9910795854203321 Autore Klafter J (Joseph) Titolo First steps in random walks [[electronic resource]]: from tools to applications / / J. Klafter and I.M. Sokolov Oxford,: Oxford University Press, 2011 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-19-155295-X 0-19-177502-9 1-299-48624-X Descrizione fisica vi, 152 p.: ill Altri autori (Persone) Sokolovlgor M. <1958-> Disciplina 519.2/82 Random walks (Mathematics) Soggetti Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. 1. Characteristic functions -- 2. Generating functions and applications Nota di contenuto -- 3. Continuous-time random walks -- 4. CTRW and aging phenomena -- 5. Master equations -- 6. Fractional diffusion and Fokker-Planck equations for subdiffusion -- 7. Levy flights -- 8. Coupled CTRW and Levy walks -- 9. Simple reactions: A+B->B -- 10. Random walks on percolation structures. "The name "random walk" for a problem of a displacement of a point in Sommario/riassunto a sequence of independent random steps was coined by Karl Pearson in 1905 in a question posed to readers of "Nature". The same year, a similar problem was formulated by Albert Einstein in one of his Annus Mirabilis works. Even earlier such a problem was posed by Louis Bachelier in his thesis devoted to the theory of financial speculations in 1900. Nowadays the theory of random walks has proved useful in physics and chemistry (diffusion, reactions, mixing in flows), economics, biology (from animal spread to motion of subcellular structures) and in many other disciplines. The random walk approach serves not only as a model of simple diffusion but of many complex sub- and super-diffusive transport processes as well. This book discusses the main variants of random walks and gives the most

important mathematical tools for their theoretical description"--