Record Nr. UNINA9910795605103321 Autore Martinez Novo Carmen <1966-> Titolo Undoing multiculturalism: resource extraction and indigenous rights in Ecuador / / Carmen Martinez Novo Pubbl/distr/stampa Pittsburgh, Pa.:,: University of Pittsburgh Press,, [2021] ©2021 **ISBN** 0-8229-4663-7 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource, 1 online resource Collana Pitt Latin American Series Disciplina 986.6075 Soggetti Indigenous peoples - Ecuador Ecuador Politics and government 21st century Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Introduction. Undoing Multiculturalism -- Being Indigenous in Ecuador Nota di contenuto -- Dispensing and Curtailing Rights through Policy and Practice -- The Minimization of Indigenous Numbers and the Fragmentation of Civil Society -- Creating and Dismantling Intercultural Bilingual Education --Anthropology and Indigenous Peoples: Collaborations and Estrangements -- The Salesian Missions: Navigating Neoliberalism and Nationalist-Extractivism with the Indigenous Movement --Ventriloguism, Racism, and the Politics of Decolonial Scholarship --Conclusion. Neoliberalism, Nationalist-Extractivism, and Racial Formations in Ecuador. "President Rafael Correa (2007-2017) led the Ecuadoran Citizens' Sommario/riassunto Revolution that claimed to challenge the tenets of neoliberalism and the legacies of colonialism. The Correa administration promised to advance Indigenous and Afro-descendant rights and redistribute resources to the most vulnerable. In many cases, these promises proved to be hollow. Using two decades of ethnographic research. Undoing Multiculturalism examines why these intentions did not become a reality, and how the Correa administration undermined the progress of Indigenous people. A main complication was pursuing independence from multilateral organizations in the context of

skyrocketing commodity prices, which caused a new reliance on natural resource extraction. Indigenous, Afro-descendant, and other organized

groups resisted the expansion of extractive industries into their territories because they threatened their livelihoods and safety. As the Citizens' Revolution and other "Pink Tide" governments struggled to finance budgets and maintain power, they watered down subnational forms of self-government, slowed down land redistribution, weakened the politicized cultural identities that gave strength to social movements, and reversed other fundamental gains of the multicultural era"--Jacket.