

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910795328803321
Autore	Wittrock Jon
Titolo	Contemporary democracy and the sacred : rights, religion and ideology // Jon Wittrock
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London : , : Bloomsbury Academic, , 2018
ISBN	1-350-05882-3 1-350-05885-8
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (193 pages)
Collana	Political theory and contemporary philosophy, theology and philosophy
Disciplina	303.482430561
Soggetti	Philosophy, Modern - 21st century Political science - Philosophy
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes index.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages 164-177).
Nota di contenuto	Author's Preface -- 1. Democracy and Authenticity -- 2. Secularisation and the Sacred -- 3. Sacred Boundaries -- 4. Fatal Politics -- Bibliography -- Index.
Sommario/riassunto	"Distilling into concise and focused formulations many of the main ideas that Mari Ruti has sought to articulate throughout her writing career, this book reflects on the general state of contemporary theory as it relates to posthumanist ethics, political resistance, subjectivity, agency, desire, and bad feelings such as anxiety. It offers a critique of progressive theory's tendency to advance extreme models of revolt that have little real-life applicability. The chapters move fluidly between several theoretical registers, the most obvious of these being continental philosophy, psychoanalytic theory, Butlerian ethics, affect theory, and queer theory. One of the central aims of Distillations is to explore the largely uncharted territory between psychoanalysis and affect theory, which are frequently pitted against each other as hopelessly incompatible, but which Ruti shows can be brought into a productive dialogue."--Bloomsbury Publishing.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910818925203321
Autore	Field Thomas C., Jr.
Titolo	From development to dictatorship : Bolivia and the alliance for progress in the Kennedy era // Thomas C. Field Jr
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ithaca, New York : , : Cornell University Press, , 2014 ©2014
ISBN	0-8014-7045-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (297 p.)
Collana	United States in the World
Disciplina	984.05/2
Soggetti	HISTORY / United States / 20th Century Bolivia Politics and government 1952-1982 Bolivia History 1952-1982 Bolivia Social conditions 1952-1982 United States Foreign relations Bolivia
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- Preface -- List of Abbreviations -- Map of South America, Early 1960's -- Map of Bolivia, Early 1960's -- Introduction: Ideology as Strategy -- 1. Modernization's Heavy Hand: The Triangular Plan for Bolivia -- 2. Development as Anticommunism: The Targeting of Bolivian Labor -- 3. "Bitter Medicine": Military Civic Action and the Battle of Irupata -- 4. Development's Detractors: Miners, House wives, and the Hostage Crisis at Siglo XX -- 5. Seeds of Revolt: The Making of an Antiauthoritarian Front -- 6. Revolutionary Bolivia Puts On a Uniform: The 1964 Bolivian Coup d'État -- Conclusion: Development and Its Discontents -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	During the most idealistic years of John F. Kennedy's Alliance for Progress development program, Bolivia was the highest per capita recipient of U.S. foreign aid in Latin America. Nonetheless, Washington's modernization programs in early 1960's Bolivia ended up on a collision course with important sectors of the country's civil society, including radical workers, rebellious students, and a plethora of rightwing and leftwing political parties. In From Development to Dictatorship, Thomas C. Field Jr. reconstructs the untold story of

USAID's first years in Bolivia, including the country's 1964 military coup d'état. Field draws heavily on local sources to demonstrate that Bolivia's turn toward anticommunist, development-oriented dictatorship was the logical and practical culmination of the military-led modernization paradigm that provided the liberal underpinnings of Kennedy's Alliance for Progress. In the process, he explores several underappreciated aspects of Cold War liberal internationalism: the tendency of "development" to encourage authoritarian solutions to political unrest, the connection between modernization theories and the rise of Third World armed forces, and the intimacy between USAID and CIA covert operations. Challenging the conventional dichotomy between ideology and strategy in international politics, *From Development to Dictatorship* engages with a growing literature on development as a key rubric for understanding the interconnected processes of decolonization and the Cold War.

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