

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910703442503321
Autore	Bernknopf Richard L (Richard Lewis)
Titolo	The role of geoscience information in reducing catastrophic loss using a web-based economics experiment // by Richard L. Bernknopf, David S. Brookshire, and Philip T. Ganderton
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Reston, Va. : , : U.S. Dept. of the Interior, U.S. Geological Survey Denver, CO : , : [Distributed by] U.S. Geological Survey, Information Services, , 2003
Descrizione fisica	1 electronic resource
Collana	Professional paper ; ; 1683
Altri autori (Persone)	BrookshireDavid S GandertonPhilip T
Soggetti	Land use - Data processing Information storage and retrieval systems - Geology Disasters - Economic aspects - Data processing Information storage and retrieval systems - Land use Disaster insurance
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 11).

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910795059903321
Autore	Kamrava Mehran <1964->
Titolo	Troubled waters : insecurity in the Persian Gulf / / Mehran Kamrava
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ithaca ; ; London : , : Cornell University Press, , 2018
ISBN	1-5017-2036-8 9781501720369
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xii, 197 pages)
Collana	Persian Gulf studies
Classificazione	08.08
Disciplina	355/.0330536
Soggetti	Security, International - Persian Gulf Region Human security - Persian Gulf Region foreign policy Iran Iraq Gulf States international security United States Persian Gulf Region Foreign relations
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Previously issued in print: 2018.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	The trouble with the Persian Gulf -- The Persian Gulf's security architecture -- The belligerents -- The intractable security dilemma -- Insecurity in the Persian Gulf.
Sommario/riassunto	Troubled Waters looks at four dynamics in the Persian Gulf that have contributed to making the region one of the most volatile and tension-filled spots in the world. Mehran Kamrava identifies the four dynamics as: the neglect of human dimensions of security, the inherent instability involved in reliance on the United States and the exclusion of Iraq and Iran, the international and security policies pursued by inside and outside actors, and a suite of overlapping security dilemmas. These four factors combine and interact to generate long-term volatility and ongoing tensions within the Persian Gulf. Through insights from Kamrava's interviews with Gulf elites into policy decisions, the consequences of security dilemmas, the priorities of local players, and

the neglect of identity and religion, Troubled Waters examines the root causes of conflicts and crises that are currently unfolding in the region. As Kamrava demonstrates, each state in the region, including Saudi Arabia, Iran, and Qatar, has embarked on vigorous security-producing efforts as part of foreign policy, flooding the area with more munitions—thereby increasing insecurity and causing more mistrust in a part of the world that needs no more tension.

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