

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910451708803321
Autore	Makovsky Michael <1963->
Titolo	Churchill's promised land [[electronic resource]] : Zionism and statecraft / / Michael Makovsky
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New Haven, : Yale University Press, c2007
ISBN	1-281-73535-3 9786611735357 0-300-13792-3
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (367 p.)
Collana	A New Republic Book
Disciplina	320.54095694
Soggetti	Zionism - Great Britain - History - 20th century Electronic books. Great Britain Foreign relations Middle East Middle East Foreign relations Great Britain
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"A New republic book."
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 299-321) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- CONTENTS -- PREFACE -- ACKNOWLEDGMENTS -- Introduction -- chapter one Churchill's Worlds -- chapter two "The Lord Deals with the Nations as the Nations Dealt with the Jews" 1874-1914 -- chapter three "Zionism versus Bolshevism" 1914-1921 -- chapter four "Smiling Orchards" 1921-1929 -- chapter five Together in the Wilderness 1929-1939 -- chapter six Champion in War 1939-1945 -- chapter seven Zionist at the End 1945-1955 -- Conclusion -- Notes -- BIBLIOGRAPHY -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	This book is the first to explore fully the role that Zionism played in the political thought of Winston Churchill. Michael Makovsky traces the development of Churchill's positions toward Zionism from the period leading up to the First World War through his final years as prime minister in the 1950's. Setting Churchill's attitudes toward Zionism within the context of his overall worldview as well as within the context of twentieth-century British diplomacy, Makovsky offers a unique contribution to our understanding of Churchill. Moving chronologically, the book looks at Churchill's career within the context of several major themes: his own worldview and political strategies, his understanding

of British imperial interests, the moral impact of the Holocaust, his commitment to ideals of civilization, and his historical sentimentalism. While Churchill was largely sympathetic to the Jews and to the Zionist impulse, he was not without inconsistencies in his views and policies over the years. Makovsky's book illuminates key aspects of Middle Eastern history; Zionist history; and British political, imperial, and diplomatic history; and further helps us understand one of the pivotal figures of the twentieth century.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910795054403321
Autore	Fey Peter (Naval Commander)
Titolo	Bloody sixteen : the USS Oriskany and Air Wing 16 during the Vietnam War / / Peter Fey
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Baltimore : , : Project Muse, , 2018 ©2018
ISBN	1-64012-009-2 1-64012-007-6
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (1 PDF (xiv, 393 pages) :) : illustrations, maps
Disciplina	359.9/435/0973
Soggetti	Vietnam War, 1961-1975 - Campaigns Vietnam War, 1961-1975 - Naval operations, American Vietnam War, 1961-1975 - Aerial operations, American Operation Rolling Thunder, 1965-1968
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages [375]-384) and index.
Nota di contenuto	part 1. Setting the stage -- 1. Rolling Thunder and the numbers game -- 2. The environment -- 3. The naval air war -- part 2. 1965 -- 4. Gradual Beginnings -- 5. The war heats up -- 6. The bridge campaign -- part 3. 1966 -- 7. The POL campaign -- 8. The battle increases -- 9. Fire! -- part 4. 1967 -- 10. Long, hot summer -- 11. The Stennis hearings and the climax of Rolling Thunder -- 12. Black October -- 13. In the end -- part 5. In retrospect -- 14. 1968, the summer of violence -- 15. The POWs -- 16. "Because our fathers lied."

Strategy and reality collide in Peter Fey's gripping history of aircraft carrier USS Oriskany's three deployments to Vietnam with Carrier Air Wing 16 (CVW-16). Its tours coincided with the most dangerous phases of Operation Rolling Thunder, the ill-fated bombing campaign against North Vietnam, and accounted for a quarter of all the naval aircraft lost during Rolling Thunder--the highest loss rate of any carrier air wing during Vietnam. The Johnson administration's policy of gradually applied force meant that Oriskany arrived on station just as previous restrictions were lifted and bombing raids increased. As a result CVW-16 pilots paid a heavy price as they ventured into areas previously designated "off limits" by Washington DC. Named after one of the bloodiest battles of the Revolutionary War, the Oriskany lived up to its name. After two years of suffering heavy losses, the ship caught fire--a devastating blow given the limited number of carriers deployed. With only three months allotted for repairs, Oriskany deployed a third and final time and ultimately lost more than half of its aircraft and more than a third of its pilots. The valor and battle accomplishments displayed by Oriskany's aviators are legendary, but the story of their service has been lost in the disastrous fray of the war itself. Fey portrays the Oriskany and its heroes in an indelible memorial to the fallen of CVW-16 in hopes that the lessons learned from such strategic disasters are not forgotten in today's sphere of war-bent politics.
