

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910706292503321
Autore	McFarlane James C.
Titolo	Tritium accumulation in lettuce fumigated with elemental tritium / / by J.C. McFarlane
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Las Vegas, Nevada : , : U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Research and Development, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, , 1976
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (iii, 18 pages)
Collana	Ecological research series ; ; EPA-600/3-76-006
Soggetti	Tritium Hydrogen - Isotopes Lettuce
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"January 1976."
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages 17-18).

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910794454203321
Autore	Huener Jonathan
Titolo	The Polish Catholic Church under German occupation : the Reichsgau Wartheland, 1939-1945 // Jonathan Huener
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Bloomington, Indiana : , : Indiana University Press, , [2021] ©2021
ISBN	0-253-05404-4 0-253-05406-0
Edizione	[First printing 2021.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xvii, 352 pages) : illustrations, maps
Collana	Gale eBooks
Disciplina	940.531808828209438
Soggetti	Catholics - Nazi persecution - Poland - Wielkopolska National socialism and religion - Poland - Wielkopolska World War, 1939-1945 - Religious aspects - Catholic Church Church and state - Poland - History - 20th century Wielkopolska (Poland) Church history 20th century Poland History Occupation, 1939-1945
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Tannenberg : the Einsatzgruppen and the Polish clergy, fall 1939 -- Grosste Harte : the invasion of Poland : ideology and execution -- Hetzkaplan : the Polish church and the "agitator priest" in Nazi ideology -- Mustergau : the Reichsgau Wartheland as "model Gau" -- Dominsektion : the "Cathedral Island action" -- Deportacja : the deportation and incarceration of the clergy -- Kult : restrictions on public religious life -- Profanacja : desecration and plunder -- Nationalitätenprinzip : national segregation in church life -- Dreizehn Punkte : from the "Thirteen Points" to the "September Decree" -- Zerschlagung : the "Action for the destruction of the Polish clergy" -- Dachau : Polish clergy in the concentration camp Dachau -- Nonnenlager : women religious in the Bojanowo labor camp -- Späne : Kirchenpolitik in the Warthegau, 1942-1944 -- Parafia : parish life -- Konspiracja : resistance and conspiracy -- "Et papa tacet"? : Pius XII and the church in the Warthegau -- Kurswechsel : a change in course.
Sommario/riassunto	"When Nazi Germany invaded Poland in 1939, it aimed to destroy Polish

national consciousness. As a symbol of Polish national identity and the religious faith of approximately two-thirds of Poland's population, the Roman Catholic church was an obvious target of the Nazi regime's policies of ethnic, racial, and cultural Germanization. Jonathan Huener reveals in *The Polish Catholic Church under German Occupation* that the persecution of the church was most severe in the Reichsgau Wartheland, a region of Poland annexed to Nazi Germany. Here Catholics witnessed the execution of priests, the incarceration of hundreds of clergymen and nuns in prisons and concentration camps, the closure of churches, the destruction and confiscation of church property, and countless restrictions on public expression of the Catholic faith. Huener also illustrates how some among the Nazi elite viewed this area as a testing ground for anti-church policies to be launched in the Reich after the successful completion of the war. Based on largely untapped sources from state and church archives, punctuated by vivid archival photographs, and marked by nuance and balance, *The Polish Catholic Church under German Occupation* exposes both the brutalities and the limitations of Nazi church policy. The first English-language investigation of German policy toward the Catholic Church in occupied Poland, this compelling story also offers insight into the varied ways in which Catholics—from Pope Pius XII, to members of the Polish episcopate, to the Polish laity at the parish level—responded to the Nazi regime's repressive measures"–
