

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910794007703321
Autore	Hamm Thomas D.
Titolo	Liberal quakerism in America in the long nineteenth century, 1790-1920 // by Thomas D. Hamm
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leiden, Netherlands ; ; Boston : , : Brill, , [2020] ©2020
ISBN	90-04-43073-3
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource
Collana	Brill research perspectives
Disciplina	289.609
Soggetti	Quakers
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Front Matter -- Copyright page -- Liberal Quakerism in America in the Long Nineteenth Century, 1790-1920.
Sommario/riassunto	Thomas D. Hamm (Earlham College) argues that a self-conscious, liberal Quakerism emerged in North America between 1790 and 1920. It had three characteristics. The first was a commitment to liberty of conscience. The second was pronounced doubts about orthodox beliefs, such as the divinity of Christ. Finally, liberal Friends saw themselves as holding beliefs fully consistent with early Quakerism. Stirrings appeared as early as the 1790s. Hicksite Friends in the 1820s, although perceiving themselves as traditionalists, manifested all of these characteristics. When other Hicksites took such stances in even more radical directions after 1830, however, bitter divisions ensued. Orthodox Friends were slower to develop liberal thought. It emerged after 1870, as higher education became central to the Gurneyite branch of Orthodox Quakerism, and as some Gurneyites responded to influences in the larger society, and to the changes introduced by the advent of revivalism, by embracing modernist Protestantism.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910483675003321
Titolo	Artificial Evolution : 9th International Conference, Evolution Artificielle, EA 2009, Strasbourg, France, October 26-28, 2009. Revised Selected Papers // edited by Pierre Collet, Nicolas Monmarché, Pierrick Legrand, Marc Schoenauer, Evelyne Lutton
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, Heidelberg : , : Springer Berlin Heidelberg : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2010
ISBN	1-280-38770-X 9786613565624 3-642-14156-0
Edizione	[1st ed. 2010.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XII, 207 p. 75 illus.)
Collana	Theoretical Computer Science and General Issues, , 2512-2029 ; ; 5975
Altri autori (Persone)	ColletPierre
Disciplina	005.1
Soggetti	Artificial intelligence Computer networks Computer science Algorithms Application software Information technology - Management Artificial Intelligence Computer Communication Networks Theory of Computation Computer and Information Systems Applications Computer Application in Administrative Data Processing
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Theory -- Extremal Optimization Dynamics in Neutral Landscapes: The Royal Road Case -- Improving the Scalability of EA Techniques: A Case Study in Clustering -- Ant Colony Optimization -- MC-ANT: A Multi-Colony Ant Algorithm -- Applications -- Artificial Evolution for 3D PET Reconstruction -- A Hybrid Genetic Algorithm/Variable Neighborhood Search Approach to Maximizing Residual Bandwidth of Links for Route Planning -- Parallelization of an Evolutionary Algorithm on a Platform

with Multi-core Processors -- On the Difficulty of Inferring Gene Regulatory Networks: A Study of the Fitness Landscape Generated by Relative Squared Error -- Combinatorial Optimization -- Memetic Algorithms for Constructing Binary Covering Arrays of Strength Three -- A Priori Knowledge Integration in Evolutionary Optimization -- Robotics -- On-Line, On-Board Evolution of Robot Controllers -- The Transfer of Evolved Artificial Immune System Behaviours between Small and Large Scale Robotic Platforms -- Multi-objective Optimization -- An Analysis of Algorithmic Components for Multiobjective Ant Colony Optimization: A Case Study on the Biobjective TSP -- Alternative Fitness Assignment Methods for Many-Objective Optimization Problems -- Genetic Programming -- Evolving Efficient List Search Algorithms -- Semantic Similarity Based Crossover in GP: The Case for Real-Valued Function Regression -- Genetic-Programming Based Prediction of Data Compression Saving -- Machine Learning -- On the Characteristics of Sequential Decision Problems and Their Impact on Evolutionary Computation and Reinforcement Learning.

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### Sommario/riassunto

This LNCS volume contains the best papers presented at the 9th Conference on Artificial Evolution, EA 2009, held in Strasbourg (France). Previous EA events took place in Tours (2007, LNCS 4926), Lille (2005, LNCS 3871), Marseille (2003, LNCS 2936), Le Creusot (2001, LNCS 2310), Dunkerque (1999, LNCS 1829), Nimes (1997, LNCS 1363), Brest (1995, LNCS 1063) and Toulouse (1994, LNCS 1063). For this ninth edition, authors were invited to present their original work relevant to artificial evolution, including, but not limited to: evolutionary computation, evolutionary optimization, co-evolution, artificial life, population dynamics, theory, algorithmics and modeling, implementations, application of evolutionary paradigms to the real world (industry, biosciences, ...), other biologically-inspired paradigms (swarm, artificial ants, artificial immune systems, ...), memetic algorithms, multi-objective optimization, constraint handling, parallel algorithms, dynamic optimization, machine learning and hybridization with other soft computing techniques. Submitted papers were reviewed by at least four members of the International Program Committee, which selected 23 papers to be presented during the conference out of 43 submissions. However, only 17 papers were included in the present volume, resulting in a 39.5% acceptance rate. We would like to thank the members of the Program Committee for their conscientious work, the authors for their greatly appreciated contributions, but also the members of the Organizing Committee who, once more, managed to put together a really enjoyable conference in Strasbourg. Finally, financial and material support coming from ENSPS, Université de Strasbourg, CNRS, Région Alsace and the EA association contributed to the success of the conference and helped to keep registration fees very low.

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