

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910459650403321
Autore	Bonfil Robert
Titolo	History and folklore in a medieval Jewish chronicle [[electronic resource] ] : the family chronicle of Ahima'az ben Paltiel / / by Robert Bonfil
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leiden ; ; Boston, : Brill, 2009
ISBN	1-282-60209-8 9786612602092 90-474-2731-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (420 p.)
Collana	Studies in Jewish history and culture, , 1568-5004 ; ; v. 22
Altri autori (Persone)	Ahimaaz ben Paltiel <1017-ca. 1060.>
Disciplina	929/.2089924
Soggetti	Jews - Italy - History - To 1500 Jews Electronic books. Italy Ethnic relations
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes a vocalized critical edition of the Hebrew text and an English translation of the chronicle.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	The text and its context -- Historical setting and narrative structure -- Frameworks of communal life and images of leadership -- Family -- Jews and Christians: magic, sorcery, everyday life, and popular piety.
Sommario/riassunto	Composed in Hebrew in Capua, Italy in 1054, the family chronicle of Ahima'az remains one of the most important historical sources of medieval Jewish life, folklore, culture, and mentalités in Western Europe, especially in the so-called Ashkenazi area. As such, it provides a rich resource to scholars of medieval history, cultural studies, gender studies, and anthropology. In this book Robert Bonfil provides a detailed historical introduction and new English translation of the chronicle. Readers knowledgeable in Hebrew will also greatly benefit from the new, vocalized critical edition of the Hebrew text, skillfully set up in front of the translation.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910793553903321
Autore	Nacer-Khodja Hamid
Titolo	Albert Camus, Jean Senac, or the rebel son / / Hamid Nacer-Khodja ; translated by Kai Krienke
Pubbl/distr/stampa	East Lansing : , : Michigan State University Press, , 2018
ISBN	1-62895-362-4 1-60917-596-4
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (205 pages)
Collana	African humanities and the arts
Disciplina	848/.91409
Soggetti	Authors, Algerian - 20th century Authors, French - 20th century
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910836796003321
Autore	Robson Eleanor
Titolo	Ancient Knowledge Networks : A Social Geography of Cuneiform Scholarship in First-Millennium Assyria and Babylonia
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : UCL Press, 2019 London : , : UCL Press, , [2019] ©2019
ISBN	1-78735-597-7 1-78735-595-0
Descrizione fisica	1 electronic resource (338 p.)
Disciplina	935.030924
Soggetti	Middle East Ancient history: to c 500 CE Middle & Near Eastern archaeology Assyria Intellectual life
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	<p>Ancient Knowledge Networks is a book about how knowledge travels, in minds and bodies as well as in writings. It explores the forms knowledge takes and the meanings it accrues, and how these meanings are shaped by the peoples who use it.</p> <p>Addressing the relationships between political power, family ties, religious commitments and literate scholarship in the ancient Middle East of the first millennium BC, Eleanor Robson focuses on two regions where cuneiform script was the predominant writing medium: Assyria in the north of modern-day Syria and Iraq, and Babylonia to the south of modern-day Baghdad. She investigates how networks of knowledge enabled cuneiform intellectual culture to endure and adapt over the course of five world empires until its eventual demise in the mid-first century BC. In doing so, she also studies Assyriological and historical method, both now and over the past two centuries, asking how the field has shaped and been shaped by the academic concerns and fashions of the day. Above all, Ancient Knowledge Networks is an experiment in</p>

writing about 'Mesopotamian science', as it has often been known,  
using geographical and social approaches to bring new insights into  
the intellectual history of the world's first empires.

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