1. Record Nr. UNINA9910792324603321 Autore Nord Philip G. <1950-> **Titolo** France's New Deal [[electronic resource]]: from the Thirties to the Postwar era / / Philip Nord Princeton,: Princeton University Press, c2010 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-282-58080-9 9786612580802 1-4008-3496-1 Edizione [Core Textbook] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (474 p.) Disciplina 944.081/6 Social change - France - History - 20th century Soggetti Economic development - France - History - 20th century Political culture - France - History - 20th century Arts, French - 20th century France Politics and government 1914-1940 France Politics and government 1940-1945 France Cultural policy History 20th century France History German occupation, 1940-1945 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Front matter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Abbreviations --INTRODUCTION Postwar Stories -- Part I: THE FRENCH MODEL --CHAPTER 1. The Crisis of the Thirties -- CHAPTER 2. The War Years --CHAPTER 3. The Liberation Moment -- Part II: A CULTURE OF QUALITY -- CHAPTER 4. Art and Commerce in the Interwar Decades -- CHAPTER Culture in Wartime -- CHAPTER 6. The Culture State -- Conclusion. -- Notes -- Index Sommario/riassunto France's New Deal is an in-depth and important look at the remaking of the French state after World War II, a time when the nation was endowed with brand-new institutions for managing its economy and culture. Yet, as Philip Nord reveals, the significant process of state

rebuilding did not begin at the Liberation. Rather, it got started earlier, in the waning years of the Third Republic and under the Vichy regime.

Tracking the nation's evolution from the 1930's through the postwar years. Nord describes how a variety of political actors--socialists. Christian democrats, technocrats, and Gaullists--had a hand in the construction of modern France. Nord examines the French development of economic planning and a cradle-to-grave social security system; and he explores the nationalization of radio, the creation of a national cinema, and the funding of regional theaters. Nord shows that many of the policymakers of the Liberation era had also served under the Vichy regime, and that a number of postwar institutions and policies were actually holdovers from the Vichy era--minus the authoritarianism and racism of those years. From this perspective, the French state after the war was neither entirely new nor purely social-democratic in inspiration. The state's complex political pedigree appealed to a range of constituencies and made possible the building of a wide base of support that remained in place for decades to come. A nuanced perspective on the French state's postwar origins, France's New Deal chronicles how one modern nation came into being.