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Nota di contenuto	<p>Challenging Clitics; Editorial page; Title page; LCC data; Table of Contents; Acknowledgements; Acknowledgements; Why challenging clitics?; Some introductory remarks; Christine Meklenborg Salvesen & Hans Petter Helland; Why challenging clitics?; 1. Introduction; 2. Clitics as a linguistic object; 2.1 Words, clitics and affixes; 2.2 Simple clitics and special clitics; 2.3 The position of clitics; 2.4 Thematic arguments or functional heads?; 2.4.1 Clitics as D0s; 2.4.2 Clitics as functional heads; 2.5 Clitics and phases; 3. The subject cycle; 3.1 The subject pronoun in French</p> <p>4. The interest of this volume 4.1 The derivation of clitic structures; 4.2 Finiteness and phases; 4.3 Clitics in LFG; 4.4 Clitics in Distributed Morphology; 4.5 Slavic clitics and the TP projection; 4.6 Interrogative clitics; 4.7 Clitics or affixes?; 4.8 The acquisition of clitics; 4.9 Clitic clusters; 5. Conclusion; References; Enclisis at the syntax-PF interface; Marios Mavrogiorgos; Enclisis at the syntax-PF interface; 1. The proclisis-enclisis alternation; 1.1 Introduction; 1.2 Proclisis and enclisis in finiteness sensitive and Tobler-Mussafia languages; 1.2.1 Overview of the data</p> <p>1.2.2 Past analyses 2. V-movement analysis as a purely PF or syntactic account; 2.1 Against a pure PF account; 2.2 Against a pure syntactic account; 2.3 V-movement across the cliticization site: What is syntax and what is PF?; 3. V-movement to a V-related head: The role of PF; 3.1 The finiteness factor in finiteness sensitive languages; 3.2 Non-finite</p>

enclisis in Tobler-Mussafia languages; 3.3 Finite enclisis in Tobler-Mussafia languages; 4. Summary and conclusions; References; Clisis revisited; Root and embedded contexts in Western Iberian*; Francisco Jose Fernandez-Rubiera; Clisis revisited

1. Enclisis and proclisis in Western Iberian Romance languages 1.1 Enclisis and proclisis in the matrix context in Western Iberian Romance languages; 1.2 Enclisis and proclisis in the finite embedded context in Asturian; 2. Previous approaches to enclisis and proclisis alternations; 2.1 Phonological approaches to enclisis and proclisis alternations; 2.2 Syntactic approaches to enclisis and proclisis alternations; 3. The nature of clitics in Western Iberian Romance languages and the role of Finiteness in deriving enclisis/proclisis alternations

4. The edge-condition of Fino and its role in deriving enclisis/proclisis alternations in the matrix environment in Western Iberian Romance languages 4.1 Enclisis and the edge-condition of Fino; 4.2 Proclisis and the edge-condition of Fino; 4.3 The edge-condition of Fino and enclisis/proclisis alternations: A summary; 5. The edge-condition of Fino, the complementizer system and clitic placement alternations (or lack thereof) in the finite embedded context in Western Iberian; 5.1 Demonte and Fernandez Soriano (2009): The que1 "that1" and the que2 "that2"

5.2 Assertive predicates, selection, complementizers and enclisis/proclisis alternations in Asturian

Sommario/riassunto

In Old French, all clitic clusters containing objects observed the order ACC-DAT. During the 15th and 16th centuries this order was changed into DAT-ACC in cases where objects of the 1st and 2nd person were involved. This change took place rather abruptly. In this paper I will argue that increased use of reflexive forms provoked a change in the order in these clitic clusters. More specifically, I will argue that clusters involving 1st and 2nd person argumental clitics form true clusters in Modern French (in the sense of Pescarini (2012)), whereas they formed split clusters in the old language.
