

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910792056903321
Titolo	Application of braid groups in 2d hall system physics [[electronic resource]] : composite fermion structure // Janusz Jacak ... [et al.]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Singapore, : World Scientific, 2012
ISBN	1-299-28107-9 981-4412-03-1
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (160 p.)
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Disciplina	530.12
Soggetti	Electrodynamics Quantum theory Topology
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical reference (p. 135-144) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Acknowledgments; Preface; Contents; 1. Introduction; 2. Elements of Hall system physics in 2D spaces; 2.1 Laughlin function; 2.2 Composite fermions; 2.2.1 Composite fermions in Jain's model; 2.2.2 Composite fermions in Read's model; 2.2.3 Local gauge transformations corresponding to Jain's flux tubes and Read's vortices in the structure of composite fermions; 3. Topological methods for the description of many particle systems at various manifolds; 3.1 Braid groups; 3.1.1 Full braid groups for R^3 , R^2 , sphere S^2 and torus T ; 3.1.2 Pure braid group 3.2 Feynman integrals over trajectories and the relation with the one-dimensional unitary representations of the full braid group 3.3 Bosons, fermions, anyons and composite particles; 3.3.1 Anyons on the plane, sphere and torus; 3.3.2 Quantum statistics and braid groups; 3.4 Multidimensional unitary irreducible representations of braid groups; 4. Cyclotron braids for multi-particle-charged 2D systems in a strong magnetic field; 4.1 Insufficient length of cyclotron radii in 2D systems in a strong magnetic field; 4.2 Definition of the cyclotron braid subgroup and its unitary representations 4.3 Multi-loop trajectories-the response of the system to cyclotron trajectories that are too short 4.4 Cyclotron structure of composite fermions; 4.5 The role of the Coulomb interaction; 4.6 Composite fermions in terms of cyclotron groups; 4.7 Hall metal in the description

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Sommario/riassunto

In the present treatise progress in topological approach to Hall system physics is reported, including recent achievements in graphene. The homotopy methods of braid groups turn out to be of particular convenience in order to grasp peculiarity of 2D charged systems upon magnetic field resulting in Laughlin correlations. The real progress in understanding of structure and role of composite fermions in Hall system is provided. The crucial significance of carrier mobility apart from interaction in creation of the fractional quantum Hall effect (FQHE) is described and supported by recent graphene
