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Chapter 2 Acupuncture for Neurological Deficits; 2.1 Influence of Acupuncture on Cerebral Function; 2.1.1 Motor evoked potential (MEP); 2.1.2 Somatosensory evoked potentials (SEP); 2.1.3 Acupuncture affects electrical activities of the cerebral cortex; 2.1.4 Acupoints function could be related to cerebral cortical function; 2.2 Influence of Acupuncture on Spinal Cord Function  
2.3 Acupuncture and Central Neurotransmitters 2.4 Acupuncture and the Peripheral Nervous System; 2.4.1 Nerve fibers in acupuncture treatment; 2.4.2 Acupuncture and recovery of injured nerves; 2.5 Summary and Discussion; References; Chapter 3 Acupuncture for Immunomodulation; 3.1 Acupuncture and Cellular Immune Function; 3.1.1 Acupuncture activates T cells and related sub-groups; 3.1.2 Acupuncture activates NK cells; 3.1.3 Acupuncture and macrophages; 3.1.4 Acupuncture and leukocyte phagocytosis; 3.1.5 Acupuncture and red blood cells; 3.2 Acupuncture and Body Fluid Immune Function 3.2.1 Acupuncture regulates specific immunoglobulin 3.3 Acupuncture and Tumour Immunology; 3.4 Acupuncture and Non-specific Immunity; 3.4.1 Effect of acupuncture on complement; 3.5 Summary and Discussion; References; Chapter 4 Acupuncture for Endocrine Function; 4.1 Regulating Effects of Acupuncture on the Endocrine System; 4.2 Regulating Effects of Acupuncture on the Hypothalamic-Pituitary-Adrenals (HPA) Endocrine Axis; 4.3 Regulating Effects of Acupuncture on the Hypothalamic-Pituitary-Gonadal (HPG) Endocrine Axis; 4.4 Regulating Effects of Acupuncture on the Thyroid-Pituitary Axis 4.5 Summary and Discussion

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Sommario/riassunto

Acupuncture has been an important branch of Traditional Chinese Medicine for over 3000 years and is the most popular practice among non-Chinese practitioners outside of China. In 1998, the United States National Institutes of Health (NIH) held a consensus conference and endorsed the practice of acupuncture as an effective pain control agent - since then acupuncture has become even more popular. Clinical practice is always an inviting form of research. In the field of acupuncture, research concentrates on the neurological pathways of the meridians and acupoints, the neurological functional change

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