Record Nr. UNINA9910791880503321 Autore Thomson Pat <1948-, > Titolo Researching creative learning: methods and issues / / edited by Pat Thomson and Julian Sefton-Green Abingdon, Oxon, England;; New York:,: Routledge,, 2011 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-136-88116-6 1-136-88117-4 1-283-04329-7 9786613043290 0-203-83894-7 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (495 p.) Altri autori (Persone) Sefton-GreenJulian 370.15/7072 Disciplina Soggetti Creative teaching - Research Creative ability - Research Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Contents: Contributors: Acknowledgements: Chapter 1 Introduction: Nota di contenuto What is creative learning?; Childhood, progressivism and creativity; New times, new creativities; Creative subjects; Researching creative learning; About this book: Part 1: What are the practices of creative learning?: Part 2: Can researchers 'see' creative learning and can their research help others to 'see' it?; Part 3: Can creative learning be measured and evaluated?; Notes; References; Part 1 What are the practices of creative learning?; Chapter 2 Capturing the 'plaid' moment; Aesthetic principles Researching the aesthetic experienceThe headteacher as researcher; Capturing 'plaid moments'; The rise and fall of student co-researchers; Findings: Summary: Note: References: Chapter 3 From the other side of the fence; Getting into research; The student research project; Pain or pleasure?; The value of research; Chapter 4 What's with the artist?; Introduction: Three constructions of the artist: Artist as uniquely inspired individual; Artist as craftsperson or designer; Artist as

collaborator or facilitator; Framing the artist in creative learning

What research has been done? Methodologies and

research

approachesConclusion; Note; References; Chapter 5 Supporting schools to do action research into creative learning; Action research; what's in a name?; Getting started on inquiry; The importance of questions; It's about evidence; But inquiry has to start where teachers are at; Action research and teachers' learning; The point of action research; The importance of documentation; The outcomes of action research; Resources; Chapter 6 Towards the creative teaching of mathematics; Introduction; Design research; Building on prior research Beginning design research in FEA first design iteration; A second design iteration; Closing remarks; Notes; References; Part 2 Can researchers 'see' creative learning and can their research help others to 'see' it?; Chapter 7 A conversation with Kathleen Gallagher; What is your professional background?; What is your current research about?; How do you use drama as part of your research process?; What are the issues in researching theatre with and for kids 'at risk'?: Are there any key issues arising from the ethnographic processes you have used? How does this relate to using drama as a method? What are your views on the accountability of researchers?; Chapter 8 The promise of ethnography for exploring creative learning; The promise of ethnography; The CLASP project; Project strategy; Critical engagement; Common fieldwork lens: Case-study analysis: Conclusion: References: Chapter 9 'Now it's up to us to interpret it'; Introduction; The visual in contemporary culture; Visual methods in research, learning and participatory processes; To answer a question; To generate talk: the visual as 'elicitation tool'; To document or provide evidence To make room for tacit knowledge (and creativity)

Sommario/riassunto

It is a common ambition in society and government to make young people more creative. These aspirations are motivated by two key concerns: to make experience at school more exciting, relevant, challenging and dynamic; and to ensure that young people are able and fit to leave education and contribute to the creative economy that will underpin growth in the twenty-first century. Transforming these common aspirations into informed practice is not easy. It can mean making many changes: turning classrooms into more exciting experiences; introducing more thoughtful challe