Record Nr. UNINA9910790955103321 Autore Brooks Stephen G. <1971-> Titolo World out of balance [[electronic resource]]: international relations and the challenge of American primacy / / Stephen G. Brooks and William C. Wohlforth Princeton,: Princeton University Press, c2008 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-282-96473-9 1-4008-3760-X 9786612964732 Edizione [Course Book] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xiv, 226 pages): illustrations Altri autori (Persone) WohlforthWilliam Curti <1959-> Disciplina 327.73 Soggetti Balance of power International relations World politics - 21st century Globalization - Economic aspects United States Foreign relations 2001-2009 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Includes index. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Introduction -- Realism, balance-of-power theory, and the counterbalancing constraint -- Realism, balance-of-threat theory, and the "soft balancing" constraint -- Liberalism, globalization, and constraints derived from economic interdependence -- Institutionalism and the constraint of reputation -- Constructivism and the constraint of legitimacy -- A new agenda. Sommario/riassunto World Out of Balance is the most comprehensive analysis to date of the constraints on the United States' use of power in pursuit of its security interests. Stephen Brooks and William Wohlforth overturn conventional wisdom by showing that in a unipolar system, where the United States is dominant in the scales of world power, the constraints featured in international relations theory are generally inapplicable. In fact, the authors argue that the U.S. will not soon lose its leadership position; rather, it stands before a twenty-year window of opportunity for reshaping the international system. Although American primacy in the

world is unprecedented, analysts routinely stress the limited utility of

such preeminence. The authors examine arguments from each of the main international relations theories--realism, institutionalism, constructivism, and liberalism. They also cover the four established external constraints on U.S. security policy--international institutions, economic interdependence, legitimacy, and balancing. The prevailing view is that these external constraints conspire to undermine the value of U.S. primacy, greatly restricting the range of security policies the country can pursue. Brooks and Wohlforth show that, in actuality, the international environment does not tightly constrain U.S. security policy. World Out of Balance underscores the need for an entirely new research agenda to better understand the contours of international politics and the United States' place in the world order.