Record Nr. UNINA9910790391103321 Autore Numan ibn Muhammad Abu Hanifah <d. 974.> Titolo The Epistle of the eloquent clarification concerning the refutation of Ibn Qutayba / / al-Qadi al-Nu'man b. Muhammad; critical edition with an introduction by Avraham Hakim Leiden;; Boston:,: Brill,, 2012 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-280-69861-6 9786613675576 90-04-21666-9 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (216 pages) Collana Islamic history and civilization, , 0929-2403;; v. 90 Altri autori (Persone) HakimAvraham Disciplina 340.5/9 Soggetti Islamic law Ismailites Islam - Doctrines Pillars of Islam Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Monografia Livello bibliografico Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Preliminary Material / Avraham Hakim -- Introduction / Avraham Hakim -- Abbreviations and Bibliography / Avraham Hakim -- Arabic Text with References and Index / Avraham Hakim. Sommario/riassunto This is an edition of an early Shiite/Fatimid Arabic epistle that includes a controversy pertaining to several issues on Islamic law. Al-Qadi al-Nu'man (d. 363/974), the most famoust jurist of the early Fatimid period refutes the illustrious Ibn Qutayba (d. 276/889). In his book Adab al-Katib. Ibn Qutavba claimed that it was enough for civil servants (kuttab) to memorize a few legal formulas in order to be able to effectively do their work without the need of long dissertations on law from jurists. In the introduction to his epistle, al-Nu'man claims that without these dissertations the civil servants would not be able to apply the law correctly. Following this, al-Nu'man launches lengthy dissertations on each one of the succinct formulas listed by Ibn Qutayba. The main argument of al-Nu'man is that the only lawgivers in Islam are the prophet Muhammad and the Imams descendents of Ali

(until the seventh Imam).