Record Nr. UNINA9910790390603321 Latash Mark L. <1953-> Autore Titolo Fundamentals of motor control [[electronic resource] /] / Mark L. Latash Amsterdam;; Boston,: Elsevier/Academic Press, 2012 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-280-85134-1 9786613711700 0-12-391412-4 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (365 p.) Disciplina 152.3 Soggetti Motor ability Motor learning Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Front Cover; Fundamentals of Motor Control; Copyright; Contents; Nota di contenuto Preface: Chapter 1A philosophical introduction: 1.1Adequate language: 1.2Specific features of biological objects; Chapter 2Elements of history; 2.1From Ancient Greece to the early twentieth century; 2.2Classical biomechanics and neurophysiology of the twentieth century; 2.3Nikolai Bernstein and the levels of movement construction; Self-test questions; Essential references and recommended further readings; Chapter 3Features of the system for movement production; 3.1The muscle; 3.2 Neurons and neural pathways: 3.3Sensory receptors 3.4Reflexes3.5Motor redundancy; 3.6Motor variability; Self-test questions; Essential references and recommended further readings; Chapter 4Instructive examples; 4.1Do stars and planets measure the distances to each other?; 4.2Posture-movement paradox; 4.3Opening a door with a mug of coffee in one's hand; 4.4Tonic stretch reflex and voluntary movements; 4.5Equifinality and its violations; 4.6Effects of deafferentation on voluntary movements; Self-test questions; Essential references and recommended further readings; Chapter 5Control with forces and torques; 5.1Force control 5.2Are interaction torques special? The leading-joint hypothesis5. 3Generalized motor programs; Self-test questions; Essential references

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Sommario/riassunto

Motor control is a relatively young field of research exploring how the nervous system produces purposeful, coordinated movements in its interaction with the body and the environment through conscious and unsconscious thought. Many books purporting to cover motor control have veered off course to examine biomechanics and physiology rather than actual control, leaving a gap in the literature. This book covers all the major perspectives in motor control, with a balanced approach. There are chapters explicitly dedicated to control theory, to dynamical systems, to biomechanics, to different beh