Record Nr. UNINA9910790255803321 Autore Nykanen Eeva Titolo Fragmented state power and forced migration [[electronic resource]]: a study on non-state actors in refugee law / / by Eeva Nykanen Leiden [Holland];; Boston,: Martinus Nijhoff Publishers, 2012 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-280-87613-1 9786613717443 90-04-22885-3 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (399 p.) Disciplina 342.408/3 Soggetti Refugees - Legal status, laws, etc - Europe Asylum, Right of - Europe Forced migration - Europe Non-state actors (International relations) - Europe Human rights - Europe Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Normative foundations of the system of international protection in Europe -- Normative foundations of the system of international protection in Europe -- Non-state actors and the refugee definition --The European Convention on Human Rights, prohibition Of refoulement, and non-state actors -- Subsidiary protection and nonstate actors. Sommario/riassunto The relative decline of state power and the increase in the significance of various non-state actors is one of the greatest challenges faced by the legal framework for the international protection of refugees and other forced migrants over previous decades. A large number of asylum

seekers applying for protection in Europe and other industrialized states originate from countries where the state structure is weak, if not non-existent, and where the threats faced by individuals stem primarily from actors other than the state authorities. The legal framework for international protection, which rests on a state-centric paradigm, is struggling with claims for protection arising from such situations. Drawing extensively on international and European law, international

and national case law, as well as academic writings, this study analyzes the legal obligations that states have towards refugees and other forced migrants facing threats emanating from non-state actors, exploring the transformative possibilities embedded in the law in this respect.