

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910790079103321
Autore	Jorink Eric
Titolo	Reading the book of nature in the Dutch golden age, 1575-1715 [[electronic resource] /] / by Eric Jorink ; translated by Peter Mason
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leiden [Netherlands] ; ; Boston, : Brill, c2010
ISBN	1-283-11968-4 9786613119681 90-04-19120-8
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (494 p.)
Collana	Brill's studies in intellectual history, , 0920-8607 ; ; v. 191
Altri autori (Persone)	MasonPeter
Disciplina	508.09492
Soggetti	Natural history - Netherlands Science - Netherlands - History - 17th century Philosophy of nature - Netherlands - History - 17th century
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"This book is a revised and translated version of Het Boeck der Natuere. Nederlandse geleerden en de wonderen van Gods schepping, 1575-1716, Leiden 2006."
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Preliminary Material / E. Jorink -- Chapter One. Introduction / E. Jorink -- Chapter Two. The Interpretation Of The Book Of Nature Down To Around 1660 / E. Jorink -- Chapter Three. Comets: The Debate On The 'Wonders In The Heavens' / E. Jorink -- Chapter Four. Insects: 'The Wonders Of God In The Humblest Creatures' / E. Jorink -- Chapter Five. Collections Of Curiosities: 'A Book In Which God Has Gloriously Described Himself' / E. Jorink -- Chapter Six. Books Of Wonders: From Rarity To Regularity / E. Jorink -- Chapter Seven. The Book Of Nature: From Axiom To Metaphor / E. Jorink -- Bibliography / E. Jorink -- Index Of Names / E. Jorink.
Sommario/riassunto	Traditionally, Dutch scientific culture of the Golden Age is regarded as rational, pragmatic, and utilitarian. The role of Christiaan Huygens, Johannes Swammerdam and Antoni van Leeuwenhoek in the so called Scientific Revolution was recognised long ago, as was the fact that the revolutionary philosophy of René Descartes made its first impact in the Netherlands. This book challenges the traditional picture. First, it shows how nature was regarded as a second book of God, next to the

Bible. For many, contemplating, investigating, representing and collecting natural objects was a religious activity. Secondly, this book demonstrates that the deconstruction of the old view of nature was partly caused by the pioneering exegetical research conducted in the Dutch Republic, more specifically, the emergence of radical biblical criticism.
