

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910790007003321
Autore	Bano Masooda <1973->
Titolo	Breakdown in Pakistan [[electronic resource]] : how aid is eroding institutions for collective action // Masooda Bano
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Stanford, CA, : Stanford Economics and Finance, an imprint of Stanford University Press, 2012
ISBN	0-8047-8184-2
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (238 p.)
Disciplina	361.7095491
Soggetti	Economic assistance - Social aspects - Pakistan Non-governmental organizations - Pakistan Associations, institutions, etc - Pakistan Civil society - Pakistan Cooperation - Pakistan
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; List of Illustrations; Preface; 1. Revisiting the Collective Action Dilemma; 2. Intrinsic or Extrinsic Incentives: The Evolution of Cooperative Groups in Pakistan; 3. Why Cooperate? : Motives and Decisions of Initiators and Joiners in Other-Regarding Groups; 4. Why Cooperate? : Motives and Decisions of Initiators and Joiners in Self-Regarding Groups; 5. Does Aid Break Down Cooperation?; 6. Why Aid Breaks Down Cooperation; 7. Fixing Incentives: The Way Forward; Glossary; Bibliography; Index
Sommario/riassunto	Thirty percent of foreign development aid is channeled through NGOs or community-based organizations to improve service delivery to the poor, build social capital, and establish democracy in developing nations. However, growing evidence suggests that aid often erodes, rather than promotes, cooperation within developing nations. This book presents a rare, micro level account of the complex decision-making processes that bring individuals together to form collective-action platforms. It then examines why aid often breaks down the very institutions for collective action that it aims to prom

