

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996389766003316
Autore	Bullein William <d. 1576.>
Titolo	A newe booke entituled the gouernement of healthe [[electronic resource]] : wherein is vttered manye notable rules for mannes preseruacion, with sondry symptes and other matters, no lesse fruitleful then profitable: colect out of many approued authours. Reduced into the forme of a dialogue, for the better vnderstanding of thunlearned. Wherunto is added a sufferain regiment against the pestilence. By VVilliam Bulleyn
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Imprinted at Londo[n], : By Iohn Day, dwellyng ouer Aldersgate beneth saint Martins., [1558]
Descrizione fisica	[12], 125 leaves : ill
Soggetti	Hygiene Medicine Materia medica
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Publication date from STC. "To the reader" dated 1 March 1558 on folio cxxv. Imperfect; lacks leaf A8. Reproduction of the original in the Library of Congress.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0078

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910789997503321
Autore	Haselow Alexander
Titolo	Typological changes in the lexicon [[electronic resource]] : analytic tendencies in English noun formation // by Alexander Haselow
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin ; ; New York, : De Gruyter Mouton, 2011
ISBN	1-283-16575-9 9786613165756 3-11-215884-9 3-11-023821-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (332 p.)
Collana	Topics in English linguistics, , 1434-3452 ; ; 72
Disciplina	425/.54
Soggetti	English language - Noun
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Acknowledgements -- Contents -- Abbreviations -- 1. Introduction -- 2. Syntheticity and analyticity in the lexicon -- 3. The framework: Suffixation and conceptual categories -- 4. The corpus & methodology -- 5. Category 1: Person -- 6. Category 2: Object -- 7. Category 3: Location -- 8. Category 4: Action -- 9. Category 5: Abstract -- 10. The development of Old English noun suffixes -- 11. The typological change of English word-formation -- 12. Derivation and inflection: A typological perspective -- 13. Noun formation after the early ME period -- 14. Conclusion -- Notes -- References -- Subject index
Sommario/riassunto	This is the first study of the typological change of English from a synthetic towards an analytic language that focuses exclusively on the lexical domain of the language. It presents an innovative approach to linguistic typology by focusing on the different encoding techniques used in the lexicon, providing a theoretical framework for the description of structural types (synthetic, analytic) and encoding techniques (fusional, isolating, agglutinative, incorporating) found in the lexicon of a language. It is argued that, in the case of English, the change from syntheticity to analyticity did not only affect its inflectional system and the encoding of grammatical information, but also the

derivational component. Based on a cognitive approach to derivation, the book provides empirical evidence for a considerable decline in the use of synthetic structures and a trend towards higher degrees of analyticity in a specific lexical domain of English, the formation of nouns by means of derivation. The full extent of this change surfaced during the transition from Old English to early Middle English, but it was later partly reversed through influence from French. The typological shift was thus the result of a global structural reorganization of the language that resulted in a fundamental change of the structure of words. The book also presents a comprehensive account of the historical development of nominal derivation from the beginnings of Old English until the end of the early Middle English period. Based on empirical data from written sources the study documents the frequency of use of all Germanic-based derivational morphemes for nominalizations over different subperiods and discusses their origin as well as important changes of their semantic and morphological properties.
