Record Nr.	UNINA9910789934803321
Titolo	Reflexive governance for global public goods / / edited by Eric Brousseau, Tom Dedeurwaerdere, and Bernd Siebenhuner
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge, Mass., : MIT Press, 2012
ISBN	1-280-49935-4 9786613594587 0-262-30121-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (383 p.)
Collana	Politics, science, and the environment
Altri autori (Persone)	BrousseauEric DedeurwaerdereTom SiebenhunerBernd
Disciplina	303.44
Soggetti	Public interest - International cooperation Common good - International cooperation Public interest - Environmental aspects Common good - Environmental aspects Public interest - Economic aspects Common good - Economic aspects Environmental protection - International cooperation Sustainable development - International cooperation
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; Series Foreword; Acknowledgments; Contributors; Introduction; Global Public Goods and the Governance Issues They Raise; The Challenges of Global Governance; Conceptualizing Global Governance and Global Public Goods; Framing Individual and Collective Actions: Challenges in Designing Incentive Schemes; A Web of Mechanisms to Ensure Compliance; Reflexive Processes of Governance; The Necessity and Difficulty of Knowledge Generation; The Potential of the Reflexive Governance Approach; Improving Institutional Fit; Part I. The Challenges in Governing Global Public Goods Chapter 1. Global Public Goods: The Participatory Governance ChallengesThe Governance Issues Raised by the Many Features of

1.

Sommario/riassuntoCommand and ControlSommario/riassuntoGovernance challenges and solutions for the provision of global public goods in such areas as the environment, food security, and		Public Goods; Pure and Impure Public Goods; Heterogeneity in Consumption and Contribution; Public Goods as Societal Issues; A Framework for Analyzing Collective Governance; Disentangling the Logic and the Mechanisms of Coordination; Public Goods in a World of Bounded Rationality; Public Goods in a Global Context; The Role of Knowledge Communities in Global Governance; Reflexive Governance for Collective Learning about the Provision of GPGs Chapter 2. Rethinking Public Goods and Global Public GoodsOut of Step: The Current Concept and Reality of Public Goods; Non- Excludability and Non-Rivalry as Poor Predictors of Publicness; Sometimes Enjoyed by All But Also Frequently Contested; Sometimes Supplied by the State Alone But Mostly Multi-Actor Provided; Sometimes National in Scope but Also Transnational in Reach; A Focus on Already-Public Goods; Recognition of Economic Market Failure but Not Political Market Failure; Concern About Fiscal Balance Not Macro Allocative Efficiency Narrowing the Gap between the Theory and Reality of Public GoodsFormulating an Expanded, Empirical Definition of Public Goods; Recognizing Transnationalness as a Special Dimension of Publicness; Introducing the Tool of Provision Path Analysis; Developing a Theory of Actor Failure in Public Goods Provision; Taking Account of the Full Political Process and Life-Cycle of the Good; Developing a Concept of Adequate Public Goods Provision; The Role of Reflexive Governance in Fostering an Adequate and Legitimate Provision of Global Public Goods; Notes Chapter 3. New Face of Development Assistance: Public Goods and Changing EthicsPublic Good Aid; Millennium Development Goals (MDGs); Aggregation Technology and New Directions in Giving; Five Sectors of Aid; Prognosis for Public Goods Based on Spatial Considerations; Conclusion; Notes; Part II. Designing Complex Incentive Schemes; Chapter 4. Crowding Out and Crowding In of Intrinsic Preferences; Standard Microeconomics: Homo Oeconomicus; A Broader Set of Motivation; Crowding Theory; Empirical Evidence o
development.	Sommario/riassunto	Command and Control Governance challenges and solutions for the provision of global public goods in such areas as the environment, food security, and