1. Record Nr. UNINA9910778163303321 Autore Gluck Mary **Titolo** Popular Bohemia: modernism and urban culture in nineteenth-century Paris / / Mary Gluck Cambridge, Mass., : Harvard University Press, 2005 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-674-03767-7 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xi, 224 pages): illustrations, portraits NR 8720 Classificazione Disciplina 700/.1/0/30944361034 Soggetti Arts, French - France - Paris - 19th century Modernism (Aesthetics) - France - Paris - History - 19th century Arts and society - France - Paris - History - 19th century Art and popular culture - France - Paris - History - 19th century Bohemianism - France - Paris - History - 19th century Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Originally published: 2005. Includes bibliographical references (p. 189-215) and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Preface -- Contents -- 1. The Historical Bohemian and the Discourse of Modernism -- 2. The Romantic Bohemian and the Performance of Melodrama -- 3. The Flâneur and the Phantasmagoria of the Modern City -- 4. The Decadent and the Culture of Hysteria -- 5. The Primitivist Artist and the Discourse of Exoticism -- Notes -- Index Sommario/riassunto This book revises dominant historical narratives about modernism from the perspective of a theoretically informed cultural history that spans the period between 1830 and 1914. In doing so, it reconnects the intellectual history of avant-garde art with the cultural history of bohemia and the social history of the urban experience to reveal the

circumstances in which a truly modernist culture emerged.

Record Nr. UNINA9910789916603321 Assessment of the science proposed for the Deep Underground Science **Titolo** and Engineering Laboratory (DUSEL) [[electronic resource] /] / d Hoc Committee to Assess the Science Proposed for a Deep Underground Science and Engineering Laboratory (DUSEL), Board on Physics and Astronomy, Division on Engineering and Physical Sciences, National Research Council of the National Academies Washington, D.C., : National Academies Press, 2012 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-309-21726-1 1-280-12318-4 9786613527042 0-309-21724-5 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (141 p.) Disciplina 624.151 Soggetti Engineers - United States Engineering and state - United States Science and state - United States Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di contenuto ""Front Matter""; ""Preface""; ""Acknowledgment of Reviewers""; ""Contents""; ""Summary""; ""1 Overview""; ""2 Description of Underground Facilities""; ""3 Science Assessments""; ""4 Impacts of a National Underground Facility""; ""Appendixes""; ""Appendix A: Statement of Task""; ""Appendix B: Meeting Agendas""; ""Appendix C: Biographies of Committee Members""; ""Appendix D: Survey of the Principal Underground Laboratories"" Sommario/riassunto "According to the big bang theory, our Universe began in a state of unimaginably high energy and density, contained in a space of subatomic dimensions. At that time, unlike today, the fundamental forces of nature were presumably unified and the particles present were interacting at energies not attainable by present-day accelerators. Underground laboratories provide the conditions to investigate

processes involving rare phenomena in matter and to detect the weak

effects of highly elusive particles by replicating similar environments to those once harnessed during the earliest states of the Earth. These laboratories now appear to be the gateway to understanding the physics of the grand unification of the forces of nature. Built to shield extremely sensitive detectors from the noise of their surroundings and the signals associated with cosmic rays, underground facilities have been established during the last 30 years at a number of sites worldwide. To date, the United States' efforts to develop such facilities have been modest and consist primarily of small underground laboratories. However, the U.S. underground community has pushed for larger underground facilities on the scale of major laboratories in other countries. An Assessment of the Deep Underground Science and Engineering Laboratory (DUSEL) addresses this matter by evaluating the major physics questions and experiments that could be explored with the proposed DUSEL. Measuring the potential impact, this assessment also examines the broader effects of the DUSEL in regards to education and public outreach, and evaluates the need associated with developing U.S. programs similar to science programs in other regions of the world."--Publisher's description.