

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910789835203321
Titolo	Etude anthropologique du squelette du Paléolithique supérieur de Nazlet Khater 2 (Egypte) [[electronic resource]] : Apport à la compréhension de la variabilité passée des hommes modernes // Isabelle Crevecoeur.fi
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leuven, : Leuven University Press, 2008
ISBN	94-6166-034-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (320 p.)
Collana	Egyptian prehistory monographs ; ; 8
Disciplina	573.0932
Soggetti	Electronic books Excavations (Archaeology) - Egypt Anthropometry - Egypt Paleolithic period - Egypt Human remains (Archaeology) - Egypt Electronic books. Nile River Valley Antiquities Nazlet Khater Site (Egypt)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Francese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Two columns to the page.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Table des matieres -- Table des figures -- Table des tableaux -- Table des annexes I et II -- Table des planches photographiques de l'annexe III -- Introduction -- 1. Contexte géologique et archéologique -- 2. Les tombes -- 3. Etude descriptive des restes humains de Nazlet Khater -- Etude comparative multivariée et discussions -- Bilans et conclusions -- 6. Bibliographie -- 7. Annexe I. Description des mesures et valeurs de NK 2 -- 8. Annexe II. Synthèses des analyses multivariées -- 9. Annexe III. Planches photographiques..
Sommario/riassunto	The study of modern human origin, variation and behaviour focused mainly on two distinct periods: the oxygen isotopic stages OIS 6 and 5e with the oldest anatomically modern human remains from Africa and the Middle East and the oxygen isotopic stages 2 and 1 with the expansion of modern humans all over the world. Currently, genetic studies agree to consider that extant human populations reflect only a

restricted part of past modern human diversity. One of the key periods to try to understand the complex evolution of *Homo sapiens* is the oxygen isotopic stage 3. However, few complete human remains are known for this period which limits the knowledge of the Upper Pleistocene modern human variation.

---