

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910782433203321
Autore	Anne of St. Bartholomew, Mother, <1550-1626.>
Titolo	Autobiography and other writings [[electronic resource] /] / Ana de San Bartolomé ; edited and translated by Darcy Donahue
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Chicago, : University of Chicago Press, 2008
ISBN	1-281-95954-5 9786611959548 0-226-14373-2
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (196 p.)
Collana	The other voice in early modern Europe
Altri autori (Persone)	DonahueDarcy
Disciplina	271/.97102 B
Soggetti	Nuns - Belgium - Antwerp
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Translated from the Spanish.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Series Editors' Introduction -- Volume Editor's Introduction -- Volume Editor's Bibliography -- Note on Translation -- Autobiography of Ana de San Bartolomé -- Appendix A. "An Account of the Foundation at Burgos" -- Appendix B. "Prayer in Abandonment" (1607) -- Appendix C. Spiritual Lectures (Pontoise, July 1605) -- Appendix D. Chronology of the Life of Ana de San Bartolomé -- Series Editors' Bibliography -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	Ana de San Bartolomé (1549-1626), a contemporary and close associate of St. Teresa of Ávila, typifies the curious blend of religious activism and spiritual forcefulness that characterized the first generation of Discalced, or reformed Carmelites. Known for their austerity and ethics, their convents quickly spread throughout Spain and, under Ana's guidance, also to France and the Low Countries. Constantly embroiled in disputes with her male superiors, Ana quickly became the most vocal and visible of these mystical women and the most fearless of the guardians of the Carmelite Constitution, especially after Teresa's death. Her autobiography, clearly inseparable from her religious vocation, expresses the tensions and conflicts that often accompanied the lives of women whose relationship to the divine endowed them with an authority at odds with the temporary powers of

church and state. Last translated into English in 1916, Ana's writings give modern readers fascinating insights into the nature of monastic life during the highly charged religious and political climate of late-sixteenth- and early-seventeenth-century Spain.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910789364903321
Titolo	Making sense of ballistic missile defense : an assessment of concepts and systems for U.S. boost-phase missile defense in comparison to other alternatives // Committee on an Assessment of Concepts and Systems for U.S. Boost-Phase Missile Defense in Comparison to Other Alternatives, Division on Engineering and Physical Sciences, National Research Council of the National Academies
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, District of Columbia : , : National Academies Press, , [2012] ©2012
ISBN	0-309-21613-3 0-309-21611-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (282 p.)
Disciplina	358.1740973
Soggetti	Ballistic missile defenses - United States Ballistic missile early warning system - United States Military planning - United States Military policy United States Military policy
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	""Front Matter""; ""Preface""; ""Acknowledgment of Reviewers""; ""Contents""; ""Summary""; ""1 Introduction""; ""2 U.S. Boost-Phase Defense""; ""3 Alternatives to U.S. Boost-Phase Defense""; ""4 Comparison of Utility, Maturity, and Cost-Effectiveness""; ""5 Recommended Path Forward""; ""Unclassified Appendixes""; ""Appendix A: Terms of Reference""; ""Appendix B: Biographies of Committee

Sommario/riassunto

"The Committee on an Assessment of Concepts and Systems for U.S. Boost-Phase Missile Defense in Comparison to Other Alternatives set forth to provide an assessment of the feasibility, practicality, and affordability of U.S. boost-phase missile defense compared with that of the U.S. non-boost missile defense when countering short-, medium-, and intermediate-range ballistic missile threats from rogue states to deployed forces of the United States and its allies and defending the territory of the United States against limited ballistic missile attack. To provide a context for this analysis of present and proposed U.S. boost-phase and non-boost missile defense concepts and systems, the committee considered the following to be the missions for ballistic missile defense (BMD): protecting of the U.S. homeland against nuclear weapons and other weapons of mass destruction (WMD); or conventional ballistic missile attacks; protection of U.S. forces, including military bases, logistics, command and control facilities, and deployed forces, including military bases, logistics, and command and control facilities. They also considered deployed forces themselves in theaters of operation against ballistic missile attacks armed with WMD or conventional munitions, and protection of U.S. allies, partners, and host nations against ballistic-missile-delivered WMD and conventional weapons. Consistent with U.S. policy and the congressional tasking, the committee conducted its analysis on the basis that it is not a mission of U.S. BMD systems to defend against large-scale deliberate nuclear attacks by Russia or China. Making Sense of Ballistic Missile Defense: An Assessment of Concepts and Systems for U.S. Boost-Phase Missile Defense in Comparison to Other Alternatives suggests that great care should be taken by the U.S. in ensuring that negotiations on space agreements not adversely impact missile defense effectiveness. This report also explains in further detail the findings of the committee, makes recommendations, and sets guidelines for the future of ballistic missile defense research."--Publisher's description.