| Record Nr. | UNINA9910789321903321 |
|-------------------------|---|
| Autore | Snyder Sarah B. <1977-> |
| Titolo | Human rights activism and the end of the Cold War: a transnational history of the Helsinki network / / Sarah B. Snyder [[electronic resource]] |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,, 2011 |
| ISBN | 1-107-22006-8 1-139-06353-7 1-283-12728-8 1-139-07587-X 9786613127280 1-139-08270-1 1-139-07013-4 1-139-08043-1 1-139-07813-5 |
| | 0-511-85196-0 |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (x, 293 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) |
| Collana | Human rights in history |
| Classificazione | HIS037070 |
| Disciplina | 323.09/047 |
| Soggetti | Human rights Human rights advocacy Cold War |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015). |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references and index. |
| Nota di contenuto | 1. Bridging the East-West divide: the Helsinki Final Act negotiations 2. "A sort of lifeline": the Helsinki Commission 3. Even in a Yakutian village: Helsinki monitoring in Moscow and beyond 4. Follow-up at Belgrade: the United States transforms the Helsinki process 5. Helsinki watch, the IHF, and the transnational campaign for human rights in Eastern Europe 6. Human rights in East-West diplomacy "A debate in the fox den about raising chickens": the Moscow conference proposal 8. 'Perhaps without you, our revolution would not be." |
| Sommario/riassunto | Two of the most pressing questions facing international historians |

today are how and why the Cold War ended. Human Rights Activism and the End of the Cold War explores how, in the aftermath of the signing of the Helsinki Final Act in 1975, a transnational network of activists committed to human rights in the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe made the topic a central element in East-West diplomacy. As a result, human rights eventually became an important element of Cold War diplomacy and a central component of detente. Sarah B. Snyder demonstrates how this network influenced both Western and Eastern governments to pursue policies that fostered the rise of organized dissent in Eastern Europe, freedom of movement for East Germans and improved human rights practices in the Soviet Union - all factors in the end of the Cold War.