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	Nota di contenuto	I Introduction I.1 What is ultrasound? I.2 A few historical remarks I.3 Ultrasound in the living world I.4 Upper frequency limit of sound II Basic Concepts of Acoustics II.1 Sound fields and the physical quantities describing them II.2 Sound propagation in gases and liquids II.3 Douglet effect III Sound Radiation and Sound Diffraction III.5 Doppler effect III Sound Radiation and Sound Diffraction III.1 Signals in time and frequency representation, linear systems III.2 The principle of point source synthesis, the moving piston III.3 Radiation from a circular piston III.4 Piston with non- uniform surface velocity III.5 Diffraction and scattering IV Generation of Ultrasound—Part I IV.1 The piezoelectric effect IV.2 Piezoelectric materials IV.3 Basic piezoelectric equations, electro- mechanical coupling factor IV.4 Dynamic characteristics of piezoelectric transducers operated in their thickness mode IV.5 Mechanical and electrical equivalent circuit of a piezoelectric transducer near its resonance IV.6 Practical design of piezoelectric ultrasound generators V Generation of Ultrasound—Part II V.1 Composite piezoelectric transducers V.2 Piezoelectric bending transducers V.3 Generation of high frequency ultrasound V.4 Concentration of ultrasound by focusing V.5 Generation of high vibrational amplitudes V.6 Generation of shear waves and Rayleigh waves V.

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Sommario/riassunto	This book is a translation of 'Physik und Technik des Ultraschalls', originally published in 1988 by S. Hirzel Verlag, Stuttgart. As in the German edition, it is based on lectures on ultrasound which the author has given over the past fifteen years to students of electrical engineer- ing and physics at the Rheinisch-Westfiilische Technische Hochschule Aachen, Germany. Its purpose is to explain and describe the peculiarities of high frequency sound with general acoustics as a foundation. It is these peculiarities which have led to the development of specific methods of sound generation and sound detection on the one hand and are relevant to the way ultrasound propagates in various materials, and which are the origin of a wide range of technical applications on the other. The first part of the book is devoted to the fundamentals of ultrasonics. Since the reader is not expected to have a knowledge of general acoustics, introductory chapters survey the basic ideas and laws of acoustics without systematically deriving the formulae pre- sented. Likewise, the third chapter, which deals with the

radiation and diffraction of sound, is still fairly general, although it is somewhat more adapted to the specific requirements of ultrasound. In the three subsequent chapters, the generation and detection or measurement of ultrasound is dealt with. The seventh chapter is a digression on the peculiarities of the hypersonic range.